

**SOSTENIBILITA' E L.E.A. :
IL CASO DELLE MALATTIE AUTOIMMUNI
NON ONCOLOGICHE**



**STUDI
REGISTRATIVI:**

**OUTCOME DI
EFFICACIA E SICUREZZA
DELLE NUOVE OPZIONI
TERAPEUTICHE**







Human medicines

Veterinary medicines

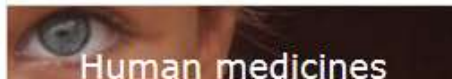
Herbal medicines for human use

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Human medicines



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Herbal medicines for human use

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- Name
- Active substance or common name
- Therapeutic indication
- ATC Code

Include:

- Authorised medicine
- Withdrawn post-approval
- Suspended
- Refused





Spondylitis, Ankylosing

Arthritis, Psoriatic

Arthritis, Rheumatoid

Psoriasis

Arthritis, Juvenile Rheumatoid





Arthritis, Juvenile Rheumatoid - Arthritis, Psoriatic - Arthritis, Rheumatoid Psoriasis - Spondylitis, Ankylosing

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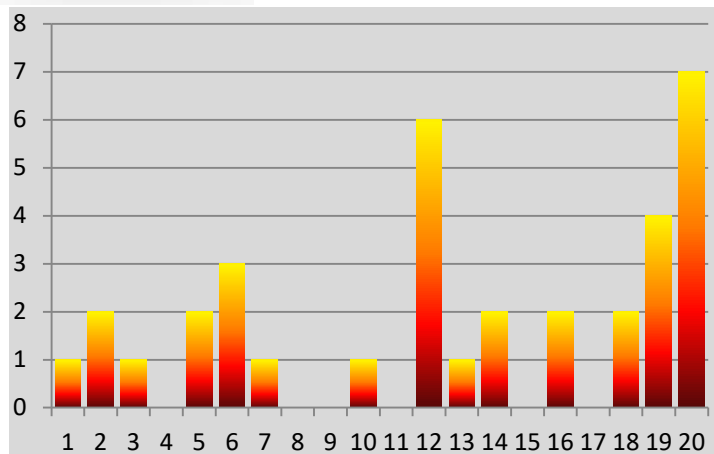
| Medicine Name | Product Number | Active Substance | Common name | Atc code | Marketing Authorisation Holder | Status | Authorisation date | Indication | Condition Approval | Exceptional Circumstance | Is Orphan | Is Generic | Biosimilar |
|---------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------|--------------------------------|------------|--------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Lifmior | EMA/H/C/004167 | etanercept | etanercept | L04AB01 | Pfizer Limited | Authorised | 13/02/2017 | Rheumatoid arthritis; Juvenile idiopathic arthritis; Psoriatic arthritis; Axial spondyloarthritis; F | no | no | no | no | no |
| Olumiant | EMA/H/C/004085 | baricitinib | baricitinib | L04AA37 | Eli Lilly Nederland | Authorised | 13/02/2017 | Olumiant is indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe active rheumatoid arthritis in | no | no | no | no | no |
| Truxima | EMA/H/C/004112 | rituximab | rituximab | L01XC02 | Celltrion Health | Authorised | 17/02/2017 | Truxima is indicated in adults for the following indications: Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL) | no | no | no | no | yes |
| Amgevita | EMA/H/C/004212 | adalimumab | adalimumab | L04AB04 | Amgen Europe | Authorised | 22/03/2017 | Please refer to section 4.1 of the Summary of product characteristics in the product infor | no | no | no | no | yes |
| Solymbic | EMA/H/C/004373 | adalimumab | adalimumab | L04AB04 | Amgen Europe | Authorised | 22/03/2017 | Please refer to section 4.1 of the Summary of product characteristics in the product infor | no | no | no | no | yes |
| Xeljanz | EMA/H/C/004214 | tofacitinib citrate | tofacitinib | L04AA29 | Pfizer Limited | Authorised | 22/03/2017 | Xeljanz in combination with methotrexate (MTX) is indicated for the treatment of moderat | no | no | no | no | no |
| Jylamvo | EMA/H/C/003756 | methotrexate | methotrexate | L01BA01 | Therakind Limit | Authorised | 29/03/2017 | In rheumatological and dermatological diseases Active rheumatoid arthritis in adult patie | no | no | no | no | no |
| Benepali | EMA/H/C/004007 | etanercept | etanercept | L04AB01 | Samsung Bioe | Authorised | 14/01/2016 | Rheumatoid arthritis Benepali in combination with methotrexate is indicated for the treat | no | no | no | no | yes |
| Nordimet | EMA/H/C/003983 | methotrexate | methotrexate | L01BA01 | Nordic Group E | Authorised | 18/08/2016 | Nordimet is indicated for the treatment of: active rheumatoid arthritis in adult patients, poly | no | no | no | no | no |
| Taltz | EMA/H/C/003943 | ixekizumab | ixekizumab | L04 | Eli Lilly Nederland | Authorised | 25/04/2016 | Taltz is indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis in adults who a | no | no | no | no | no |
| Flixabi | EMA/H/C/004020 | infliximab | infliximab | L04AB02 | Samsung Bioe | Authorised | 26/05/2016 | Rheumatoid arthritis Flixabi, in combination with methotrexate, is indicated for the reducti | no | no | no | no | yes |
| Cosentyx | EMA/H/C/003729 | secukinumab | secukinumab | L04AC10 | Novartis Europ | Authorised | 15/01/2015 | Cosentyx is indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis in adults w | no | no | no | no | no |
| Otezla | EMA/H/C/003746 | apremilast | apremilast | L04AA32 | Celgene Europ | Authorised | 15/01/2015 | Psoriatic arthritis Otezla, alone or in combination with Disease Modifying Antirheumatic Di | no | no | no | no | no |
| Inflixtra | EMA/H/C/002778 | infliximab | infliximab | L04AB02 | Hospira UK Lim | Authorised | 10/09/2013 | Rheumatoid arthritis Inflectra, in combination with methotrexate, is indicated for the reduc | no | no | no | no | yes |
| Remsima | EMA/H/C/002576 | infliximab | infliximab | L04AB02 | Celltrion Health | Authorised | 10/09/2013 | Rheumatoid arthritis Remsima, in combination with methotrexate, is indicated for the reduc | no | no | no | no | yes |
| Leflunomide | EMA/H/C/002356 | leflunomide | leflunomide | L04AA13 | Teva Pharma E | Withdrawn | 10/03/2011 | Leflunomide is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with active rheumatoid arthriti | no | no | no | no | yes |
| Repro | EMA/H/C/001222 | leflunomide | leflunomide | L04AA13 | Teva B. V. | Authorised | 14/03/2011 | Leflunomide is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with active rheumatoid arthriti | no | no | no | no | yes |
| Leflunomide | EMA/H/C/001129 | leflunomide | leflunomide | L04AA13 | Sanofi-Aventis | Authorised | 08/01/2010 | Leflunomide is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with active rheumatoid arthriti | no | no | no | no | no |
| Cimzia | EMA/H/C/001037 | certolizumab pegc | certolizumab pegc | L04AB05 | UCB Pharma S | Authorised | 01/10/2009 | Rheumatoid arthritis Cimzia, in combination with methotrexate (MTX), is indicated for: the | no | no | no | no | no |
| Simponi | EMA/H/C/000992 | golimumab | golimumab | L04AB08 | Janssen Biolog | Authorised | 01/10/2009 | Arthritis, rheumatoid Axial spondyloarthritis: - Spondylitis, ankylosing- Nonradiographic ax | no | no | no | no | no |
| RoActemra | EMA/H/C/000955 | tocilizumab | tocilizumab | L04AC07 | Roche Registr | Authorised | 16/01/2009 | RoActemra, in combination with methotrexate (MTX), is indicated for the treatment of sev | no | no | no | no | no |
| Stelara | EMA/H/C/000958 | ustekinumab | ustekinumab | L04AC05 | Janssen-Cilag | Authorised | 16/01/2009 | Crohn's Disease Stelara is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with moderately to | no | no | no | no | no |
| Opgenra | EMA/H/C/000819 | epotetermin alfa | epotetermin alfa | M05BC02 | Olympus Biotec | Withdrawn | 19/02/2009 | Opgenra is indicated for posterolateral lumbar spinal fusion in adult patients with spondyl | no | no | no | no | no |
| Ilaris | EMA/H/C/001109 | canakinumab | canakinumab | L04AC08 | Novartis Europ | Authorised | 23/10/2009 | Periodic fever syndromes Ilaris is indicated for the treatment of the following autoinflama | no | yes | no | no | no |
| Orencia | EMA/H/C/000701 | abatacept | abatacept | L04AA24 | Bristol-Myers S | Authorised | 21/05/2007 | Orencia, in combination with methotrexate, is indicated for: the treatment of moderate to | no | no | no | no | no |
| Raptiva | EMA/H/C/000542 | efalizumab | efalizumab | L04AA21 | Serono Europe | Withdrawn | 20/09/2004 | Treatment of adult patients with moderate to severe chronic plaque psoriasis who have f. | no | no | no | no | no |
| Trudexa | EMA/H/C/000482 | adalimumab | adalimumab | L04AA17 | Abbott Laborat | Withdrawn | 01/09/2003 | Rheumatoid arthritis Trudexa in combination with methotrexate, is indicated for: the treat | no | no | no | no | no |
| Humira | EMA/H/C/000481 | adalimumab | adalimumab | L04AB04 | AbbVie Ltd | Authorised | 08/09/2003 | Please refer to the product information document. | no | no | no | no | no |
| Valdyn | EMA/H/C/000432 | valdecoxib | valdecoxib | M01AH03 | Pharmacia Eur | Withdrawn | 27/03/2003 | Symptomatic relief in the treatment of osteoarthritis or rheumatoid arthritis. Treatment of p | no | no | no | no | no |
| Kineret | EMA/H/C/000363 | anakinra | anakinra | L04AA14 | Swedish Orph | Authorised | 08/03/2002 | Kineret is indicated for the treatment of the signs and symptoms of rheumatoid arthritis in | no | no | no | no | no |
| Enbrel | EMA/H/C/000262 | etanercept | etanercept | L04AB01 | Pfizer Limited | Authorised | 03/02/2000 | Rheumatoid arthritis Enbrel in combination with methotrexate is indicated for the treatme | no | no | no | no | no |
| Arava | EMA/H/C/000235 | leflunomide | leflunomide | L04AA13 | Sanofi-Aventis | Authorised | 02/09/1999 | Leflunomide is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with active rheumatoid arthriti | no | no | no | no | no |
| Remicade | EMA/H/C/000240 | infliximab | infliximab | L04AB02 | Janssen Biolog | Authorised | 13/08/1999 | Rheumatoid arthritis Remicade, in combination with methotrexate, is indicated for the red | no | no | no | no | no |
| MabThera | EMA/H/C/000165 | rituximab | rituximab | L01XC02 | Roche Registr | Authorised | 02/06/1998 | MabThera is indicated in adults for the following indications: Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma; M | no | no | no | no | no |
| Cimzia | EMA/H/C/000740 | certolizumab pegc | certolizumab pegc | L04AB05 | UCB Pharma S | Refused | - | Cimzia, in combination with methotrexate (MTX), is indicated for the treatment of moderat | no | no | no | no | no |

28/04/2017

Windows taskbar showing 'Results' window, 'Foglio1' tab, and 'Results (2)' content. System tray includes icons for IT, network, volume, and date/time: 15:51, 02/05/2017.



Arthritis, Juvenile Rheumatoid - Arthritis, Psoriatic - Arthritis, Rheumatoid Psoriasis - Spondylitis, Ankylosing



| | A | C | J | L | M | N | O | P | Q |
|----|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| 4 | Medicine Name | Active Substance | Authorisati on date | Condition Approval | Exceptional Circumstance | Is Orphan | Is Generic | Biosimilar | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Lifmior | etanercept | 13/02/2017 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 8 | Olumiant | baricitinib | 13/02/2017 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 9 | Truxima | rituximab | 17/02/2017 | no | no | no | no | yes | |
| 10 | Amgevita | adalimumab | 22/03/2017 | no | no | no | no | yes | |
| 11 | Solymbic | adalimumab | 22/03/2017 | no | no | no | no | yes | |
| 12 | Xeljanz | tofacitinib citrate | 22/03/2017 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 13 | Jylamvo | methotrexate | 23/03/2017 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 14 | Benepali | etanercept | 14/01/2016 | no | no | no | no | yes | |
| 15 | Nordimet | methotrexate | 18/08/2016 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 16 | Taltz | ixekizumab | 25/04/2016 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 17 | Flixabi | infliximab | 26/05/2016 | no | no | no | no | yes | |
| 18 | Cosentyx | secukinumab | 15/01/2015 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 19 | Otezla | apremilast | 15/01/2015 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 20 | Infectra | infliximab | 10/03/2013 | no | no | no | no | yes | |
| 21 | Remsima | infliximab | 10/03/2013 | no | no | no | no | yes | |
| 22 | flunomide Te | leflunomide | 10/03/2011 | no | no | no | yes | no | |
| 23 | Repsol | leflunomide | 14/03/2011 | no | no | no | yes | no | |
| 24 | Leflunomide | leflunomide | 08/01/2010 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 25 | Cimzia | certolizumab pegc | 01/10/2009 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 26 | Simponi | golimumab | 01/10/2009 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 27 | RoActemra | tocilizumab | 16/01/2009 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 28 | Stelara | ustekinumab | 16/01/2009 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 29 | Opgea | eptotermin alfa | 19/02/2009 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 30 | Ilaris | canakinumab | 23/10/2009 | no | yes | no | no | no | |
| 31 | Orencia | abatcept | 21/05/2007 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 32 | Raptiva | efalizumab | 20/09/2004 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 33 | Trudexa | adalimumab | 01/09/2003 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 34 | Humira | adalimumab | 08/09/2003 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 35 | Valdyn | valdecoxib | 27/03/2003 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 36 | Kineret | anakinra | 08/03/2002 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 37 | Enbrel | etanercept | 03/02/2000 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 38 | Arava | leflunomide | 02/09/1999 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 39 | Remicade | infliximab | 13/08/1999 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 40 | MabThera | rituximab | 02/06/1998 | no | no | no | no | no | |
| 41 | | | | | | | | | |
| 42 | | | | | | | | | |
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| 44 | | | 28/04/2017 | | | | | | |
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Arthritis, Juvenile Rheumatoid - Arthritis, Psoriatic - Arthritis, Rheumatoid Psoriasis - Spondylitis, Ankylosing

| | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| Name | Ilaris |
| Product number | EMEA/H/C/001109 |
| Active substance | canakinumab |

International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name
canakinumab

Per che cosa si usa Ilaris?

Therapeutic area

Ilaris è usato per trattare:

Anatomical therapeutic chemical (ATC) code

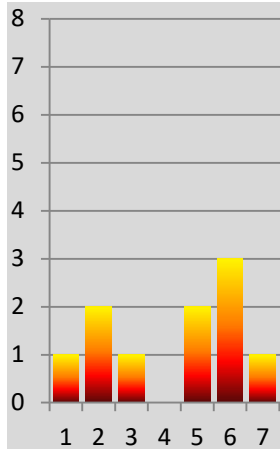
Exceptional Circumstances

- sindromi periodiche associate alla criopirina (CAPS) negli adulti e nei bambini di età pari o superiore ai due anni con un peso corporeo pari o superiore a 7,5 kg. Le CAPS sono un gruppo di malattie che colpiscono soggetti con un difetto nel gene deputato alla produzione di una proteina denominata criopirina. Ciò provoca infiammazioni in molte parti dell'organismo, con sintomi quali febbre, eruzione cutanea, dolore articolare e stanchezza. Possono inoltre verificarsi gravi invalidità quali sordità e perdita della vista;
- la malattia di Still, inclusa la malattia di Still a esordio nell'adulto e l'artrite idiopatica giovanile a esordio sistemico (AIGS), malattie rare che causano l'infiammazione delle articolazioni oltre a eruzioni cutanee e febbre. Ilaris può essere utilizzato in pazienti di età pari e superiore a due anni affetti da malattia attiva e che non hanno risposto in modo adeguato a medicinali denominati farmaci antinfiammatori non steroidei (FANS) e corticosteroidi sistemici. Ilaris viene somministrato da solo o in combinazione con metotressato (un medicinale che agisce sul sistema immunitario);
- artrite gottosa (infiammazione dolorosa delle articolazioni causata dal deposito di cristalli di urato). Ilaris è usato per trattare i sintomi negli adulti con frequenti attacchi di artrite gottosa (almeno tre nei precedenti 12 mesi). Viene usato quando i FANS e un altro medicinale, la colchicina, non possono essere somministrati o non agiscono in maniera adeguata, e quando il trattamento ripetuto con i corticosteroidi non è appropriato.





Arthritis, Juvenile Rheumatoid - Arthritis, Psoriatic - Arthritis, Rheumatoid Psoriasis - Spondylitis, Ankylosing



| Medicine Name | Active Substance | Authorisation date | Condition Approval | Exceptional Circumstance | Is Orphan | Is Generic | Biosimilar |
|---------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Lifmior | etanercept | 13/02/2017 | no | no | no | no | no |
| Olumiant | baricitinib | 13/02/2017 | no | no | no | no | no |
| Truxima | rituximab | 17/02/2017 | no | no | no | no | yes |

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| Medicine Name | Product Number | Active Substance | Am code | Marketing Authorisation Holder | Status | Authorisation on date | Indications |
|---------------|----------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|---|
| Lifmior | EHEAHC00487 | etanercept | L04AD01 | Pfizer Limited | Authorized | 13/02/2017 | Rheumatoid arthritis. Ankylosing spondylitis arthritis. |
| Olumiant | EHEAHC00488 | baricitinib | L04AAJ3 | Bristol-Myers Squibb | Authorized | 13/02/2017 | Olumiant is indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe active rheumatoid arthritis in adult patients who have responded inadequately to, or who are intolerant to one or more disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drugs. Olumiant may be used as monotherapy or in combination with methotrexate. |
| Truxima | EHEAHC00476 | rituximab | L04XC02 | Cellgene Health | Authorized | 17/02/2017 | Truxima is indicated in adults for the following indications: Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL). Truxima is indicated for the treatment of previously untreated patients with stage II/III follicular lymphoma in combination with chemotherapy. Truxima as monotherapy is indicated for the treatment of follicular lymphoma patients responding to induction. Please refer to section 4.7 of the Summary of product characteristics in the product information document. |
| Argevita | EHEAHC00423 | adalimumab | L04AD04 | Amgen Europe | Authorized | 22/03/2017 | Please refer to section 4.7 of the Summary of product characteristics in the product information document. |
| Solymar | EHEAHC00437 | adalimumab | L04AD04 | Amgen Europe | Authorized | 22/03/2017 | Please refer to section 4.7 of the Summary of product characteristics in the product information document. |
| Velpano | EHEAHC00429 | infliximab, cysine | L04AA25 | Pfizer Limited | Authorized | 22/03/2017 | Velpano in combination with methotrexate (MTX) is indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe active rheumatoid arthritis (RA) in adult patients who have responded inadequately to, or who are intolerant to one or more disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drugs. |
| Arimact | EHEAHC003158 | methotrexate | L04BA01 | Therakon Ltd | Authorized | 29/03/2017 | In rheumatological and dermatological diseases. |
| Rempasol | EHEAHC00407 | etanercept | L04AD01 | Sandoz Biotech | Authorized | 14/02/2016 | Rheumatoid arthritis. |
| Noodnet | EHEAHC003983 | methotrexate | L04BA01 | Nocido Group E | Authorized | 30/03/2016 | Methotrexate is indicated for the treatment of: |
| Talts | EHEAHC003543 | islatravir | L04 | Bristol-Myers Squibb | Authorized | 25/04/2016 | Talts is indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis in adults who are candidates for systemic therapy. |
| Plavix | EHEAHC004020 | clopidogrel | L01AC06 | Sandoz Biotech | Authorized | 20/02/2016 | Rheumatoid arthritis. Plavix, in combination with methotrexate, is indicated for the reduction of signs and symptoms as well as the improvement in physical function in Crohn's disease indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis in adults who are candidates for systemic therapy. |
| Coenzyme | EHEAHC003725 | ocutinumab | L04AC10 | Novartis Europe | Authorized | 16/01/2015 | Psoriatic arthritis. |
| Orxecta | EHEAHC003748 | infliximab | L04AA22 | Cellgene Europe | Authorized | 19/01/2015 | Psoriatic arthritis. Orxecta, alone or in combination with Disease Modifying Anti-rheumatic Drugs (DMARDs), is indicated for the treatment of active psoriatic arthritis (PsA) in adult patients who have had an inadequate response or who have been intolerant to up to 2 DMARD therapies. Psoriatic Orxecta is indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe rheumatoid arthritis. |
| Inflixim | EHEAHC002776 | infliximab | L04AA22 | Roche UK Ltd | Authorized | 10/03/2013 | Infliximab, in combination with methotrexate, is indicated for the reduction of signs and symptoms as well as the improvement in physical function in Rheumatoid arthritis. |
| Rempasol | EHEAHC002576 | infliximab | L04AA22 | Cellgene Health | Authorized | 10/03/2013 | Rempasol, in combination with methotrexate, is indicated for the reduction of signs and symptoms as well as the improvement in physical function in Rheumatoid arthritis. |

25/04/2017

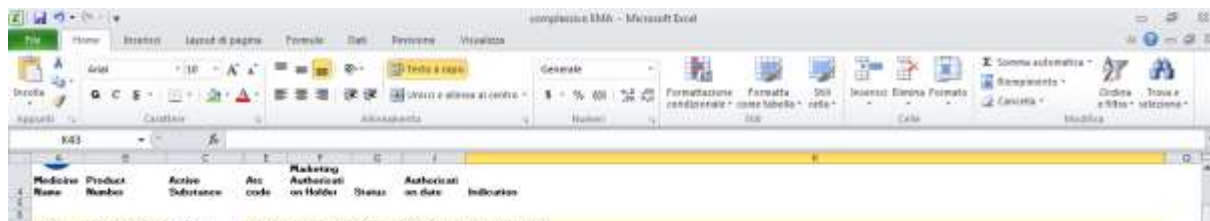
Results (2)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION

| Medicine Name | Product Number | Active Substance | Am code | Marketing Authorisation Holder | Status |
|---------------|----------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------------------|------------|
| Lifmior | EHEAHC00487 | etanercept | L04AD01 | Pfizer Limited | Authorized |
| Olumiant | EHEAHC00488 | baricitinib | L04AAJ3 | Bristol-Myers Squibb | Authorized |
| Truxima | EHEAHC00476 | rituximab | L04XC02 | Cellgene Health | Authorized |
| Argevita | EHEAHC00423 | adalimumab | L04AD04 | Amgen Europe | Authorized |
| Solymar | EHEAHC00437 | adalimumab | L04AD04 | Amgen Europe | Authorized |
| Velpano | EHEAHC00429 | infliximab, cysine | L04AA25 | Pfizer Limited | Authorized |
| Arimact | EHEAHC003158 | methotrexate | L04BA01 | Therakon Ltd | Authorized |
| Rempasol | EHEAHC00407 | etanercept | L04AD01 | Sandoz Biotech | Authorized |
| Noodnet | EHEAHC003983 | methotrexate | L04BA01 | Nocido Group E | Authorized |
| Talts | EHEAHC003543 | islatravir | L04 | Bristol-Myers Squibb | Authorized |
| Plavix | EHEAHC004020 | clopidogrel | L01AC06 | Sandoz Biotech | Authorized |
| Coenzyme | EHEAHC003725 | ocutinumab | L04AC10 | Novartis Europe | Authorized |
| Orxecta | EHEAHC003748 | infliximab | L04AA22 | Cellgene Europe | Authorized |
| Inflixim | EHEAHC002776 | infliximab | L04AA22 | Roche UK Ltd | Authorized |
| Rempasol | EHEAHC002576 | infliximab | L04AA22 | Cellgene Health | Authorized |



Arthritis, Juvenile Rheumatoid - Arthritis, Psoriatic - Arthritis, Rheumatoid Psoriasis - Spondylitis, Ankylosing



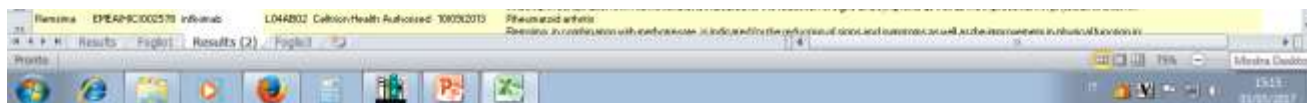
4.1 Indicazioni terapeutiche

XELJANZ in associazione con metotrexato (MTX) è indicato per il trattamento dell'artrite reumatoide (AR) in fase attiva da moderata a severa in pazienti adulti che hanno risposto in modo inadeguato o sono intolleranti ad uno o più farmaci antireumatici modificanti la malattia.

XELJANZ può essere somministrato in monoterapia in caso di intolleranza a MTX o quando il tratta

4.1 Indicazioni terapeutiche

Olumiant è indicato per il trattamento dell'artrite reumatoide in fase attiva da moderata a grave nei pazienti adulti che hanno avuto una risposta inadeguata, o che sono intolleranti, ad uno o più farmaci anti-reumatici modificanti la malattia. Olumiant può essere somministrato in monoterapia o in associazione con metotrexato (vedere paragrafi 4.4, 4.5 e 5.1 per i dati disponibili sulle differenti associazioni).





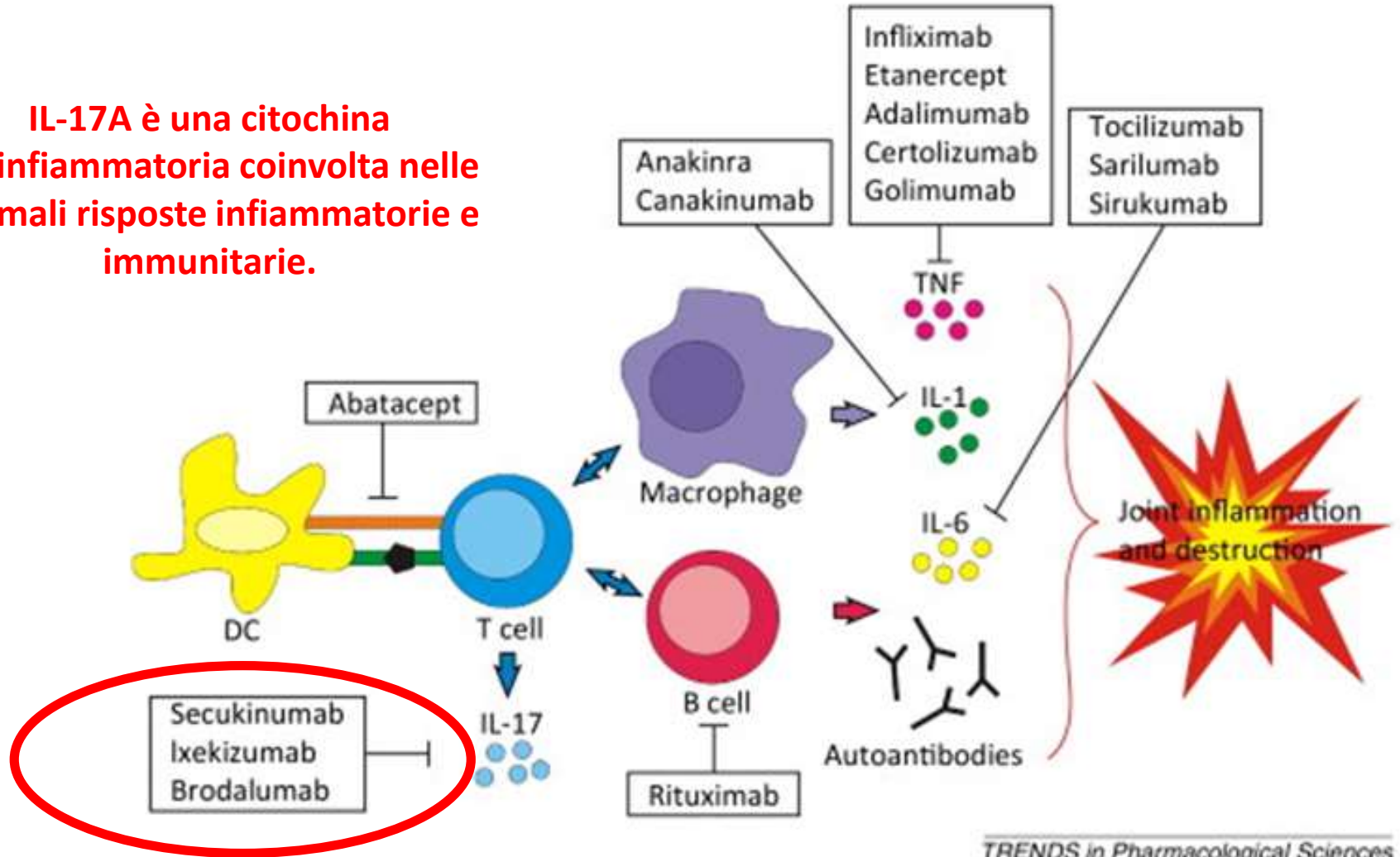
Arthritis, Juvenile Rheumatoid - Arthritis, Psoriatic - Arthritis, Rheumatoid Psoriasis - Spondylitis, Ankylosing

| Medicine Name | Product Number | Active Substance | Aic code | Marketing Authority on Holder | Status | Authorizat on date | Indication |
|---------------|----------------|---------------------|----------|-------------------------------|------------|--------------------|--|
| Lincol | EMEAPH004167 | etanercept | L04AB01 | Pfizer Limited | Authorized | 13/02/2017 | Rheumatoid arthritis; Juvenile idiopathic arthritis |
| Clonaris | EMEAPH004085 | lisdacarb | L04AA37 | EL Lilly Nederland | Authorized | 13/02/2017 | Clonidine is indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe active rheumatoid arthritis in adult patients who have responded inadequately to, or who are intolerant to one or more disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs. Clonidine may be used as monotherapy or in combination with other therapies. |
| Tuasma | EMEAPH004412 | rituximab | L01XC02 | Cellgene Health | Authorized | 13/02/2017 | Tuasma is indicated in adults for the following indications: from Hodgkin's lymphoma (HL); Tuasma is indicated for the treatment of precocious-onset adolescents with stage B/IV tubular lymphoma in combination with chemotherapy. |
| Angensa | EMEAPH004242 | adalimumab | L04AB04 | Amgen Europe | Authorized | 23/03/2017 | Tuasma maintenance therapy is indicated for the treatment of tubular lymphoma patients responding to induction. Please refer to section 4.1 of the Summary of product characteristics in the product information document. |
| Selenias | EMEAPH004373 | adalimumab | L04AB04 | Amgen Europe | Authorized | 23/03/2017 | Please refer to section 4.1 of the Summary of product characteristics in the product information document. |
| Xeljanz | EMEAPH004214 | tofacitinib citrate | L04AA23 | Pfizer Limited | Authorized | 23/03/2017 | Xeljanz in combination with methotrexate (MTX) is indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe active rheumatoid arthritis (RA) in adult patients who have responded inadequately to, or who are intolerant to one or more disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs. |
| Arianvo | EMEAPH003756 | methotrexate | L01BA01 | Thea kind Limited | Authorized | 23/03/2017 | Rheumatoid arthritis |
| Beneplac | EMEAPH004467 | etanercept | L04AB01 | Sanofi-Sino | Authorized | 14/02/2018 | Rheumatoid arthritis |
| Nordrel | EMEAPH003983 | methotrexate | L01BA01 | Nordic Group E | Authorized | 16/08/2016 | Nordrel is indicated for the treatment of |
| Talo | EMEAPH003343 | sulfasalazine | L04 | EL Lilly Nederland | Authorized | 25/04/2016 | Talo is indicated for the treatment of individuals to severe plaque psoriasis in adults who are candidates for systemic therapy. |
| Flisabi | EMEAPH004420 | infliximab | L04AB02 | Sanofi-Sino | Authorized | 26/05/2016 | Rheumatoid arthritis; Flisabi, in combination with methotrexate, is indicated for the reduction of signs and symptoms as well as the improvement in physical function in Crohn's disease indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis in adults who are candidates for systemic therapy. |
| Cocepta | EMEAPH003723 | secukinumab | L04AC10 | Novartis Europe | Authorized | 15/02/2015 | Psoriasis; Cocepta is indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis in adults who are candidates for systemic therapy. |
| Dreda | EMEAPH003748 | apremilast | L04AA32 | Cellgene Europe | Authorized | 15/02/2015 | Psoriatic arthritis; Dreda, alone or in combination with Disease-Modifying Antirheumatic Drugs (DMARDs), is indicated for the treatment of active psoriatic arthritis (PsA) in adult patients who have had an inadequate response or who have been intolerant to a prior DMARD therapy. |
| Inflectra | EMEAPH002738 | infliximab | L04AB02 | Hospira UK Ltd | Authorized | 16/09/2013 | Rheumatoid arthritis; Inflectra, in combination with methotrexate, is indicated for the reduction of signs and symptoms as well as the improvement in physical function in |
| Remessa | EMEAPH002578 | etanercept | L04AB02 | Cellgene Health | Authorized | 16/09/2013 | Rheumatoid arthritis; Remessa, in combination with methotrexate, is indicated for the reduction of signs and symptoms as well as the improvement in physical function in |



INTERLEUCHINA – 17A

IL-17A è una citochina proinfiammatoria coinvolta nelle normali risposte infiammatorie e immunitarie.



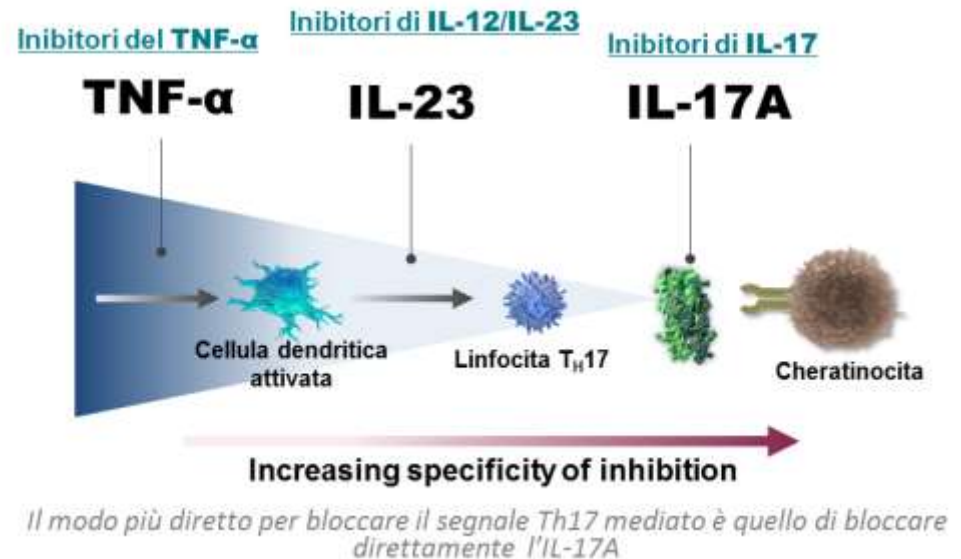
TRENDS in Pharmacological Sciences

INTERLEUCHINA – 17A

Gioca un ruolo chiave nella patogenesi della psoriasi a placche, dell'artrite psoriasica e della spondilite anchilosante.

È iper-espressa nella cute lesionata , nei pazienti con *psoriasi a placche* e nel tessuto sinoviale nei pazienti con *artrite psoriasica*.

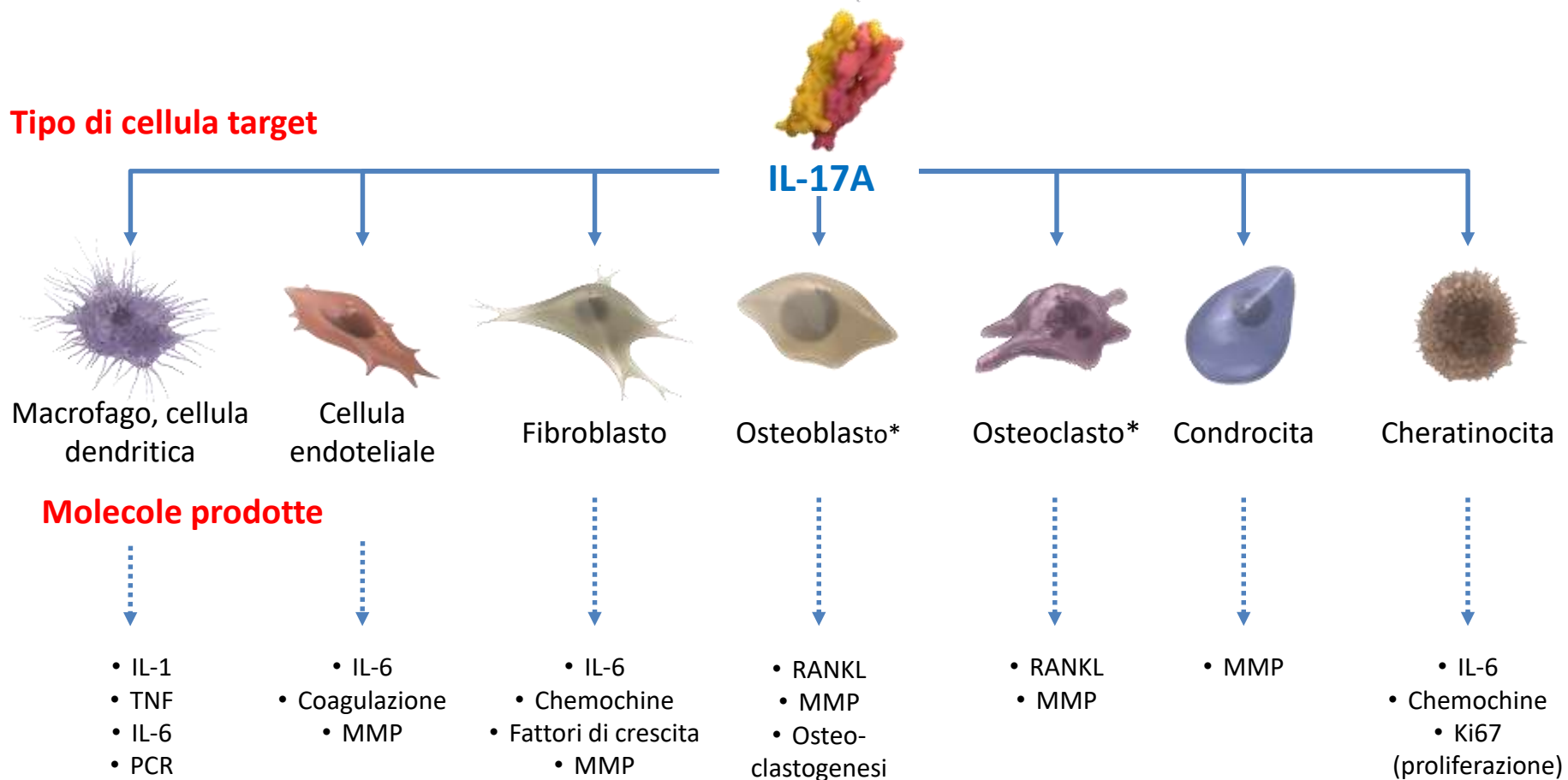
La frequenza di cellule produttrici di IL-17 è stata significativamente maggiore anche nel midollo osseo subcondrale a livello delle *faccette articolari* di pazienti con *spondilite anchilosante*.



INTERLEUCHINA – 17A

Cellule dotate di recettori per IL 17

Tipo di cellula target



Molecole prodotte

*Gli effetti di IL-17A sulle interazioni osteoblasti/osteoclasti non sono completamente compresi.

TNF, fattore di necrosi tumorale; PCR, proteina C-reattiva; MMP, metalloproteinasi della matrice; RANKL, ligando del fattore nucleare κ B attivato dal recettore.





Adattato da: Miossec P et al. N Engl J Med. 2009;361:888-898; Onishi R, Gaffen S. Immunology. 2010;129:311-321; Kotake S et al. J Bone Miner Metab.

Settembre 2011 [Epub precedente la stampa].

SECUKINUMAB

Cosentyx

secukinumab

 Email  Print  Help  Share

About **Authorisation details** Product information

Assessment history

« Previous tab Next tab »

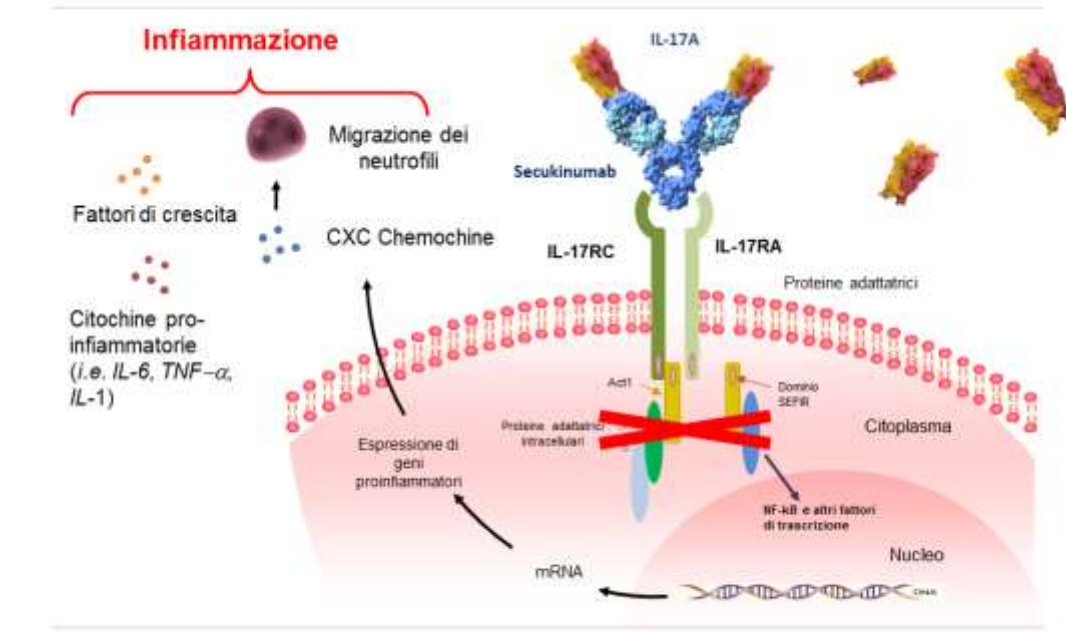
Product details

| | |
|--|---|
| Name | Cosentyx |
| Agency product number | EMA/H/C/003729 |
| Active substance | secukinumab |
| International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name | secukinumab |
| Therapeutic area | Spondylitis, Ankylosing Arthritis, Psoriatic Psoriasis |
| Anatomical therapeutic chemical (ATC) code | L04AC10 |
| Additional monitoring | ▼ This medicine is under additional monitoring. This means that it is being monitored even more intensively than other medicines. For more information, see medicines under additional monitoring . |

Publication details

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| Marketing-authorisation holder | Novartis Europharm Ltd |
| Revision | 5 |
| Date of issue of marketing authorisation valid throughout the European Union | 15/01/2015 |

 **AUTHORISED**
This medicine is approved for use in the European Union



Ivanov S, Lindén A. Trends Pharmacol Sci. 2009;30:95-100; Gaffen S. Nature. 2009;9:556-566.
May M. Nat Immunol. 2011;12:813-815.

SECUKINUMAB



on metotressato (MTX), è
ndo la risposta a precedenti
malattia (DMARD) è risult

moderato a severo in adulti



Spondilite anchilosante

Cosentyx è indicato per il trattamento della spondilite anchilosa inadeguata alla terapia convenzionale.



IXEKIZUMAB



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

Taltz

ixekizumab

Email Print Help Share

About

Authorisation details

Product information

Assessment history

« Previous tab

Next tab »

Product details

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Name | Taltz |
| Agency product number | EMA/H/C/003943 |
| Active substance | ixekizumab |
| International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name | ixekizumab |
| Therapeutic area | Psoriasis |
| Anatomical therapeutic chemical (ATC) code | L04 |

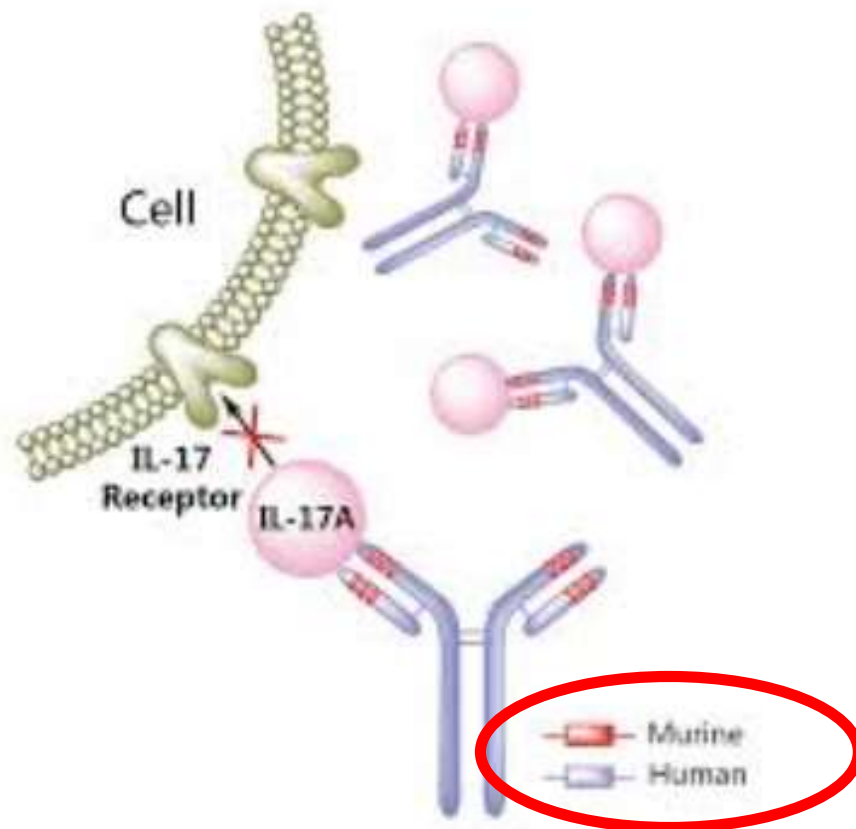
Publication details

| | |
|---|--------------------------|
| Marketing-authorisation holder | Eli Lilly Nederland B.V. |
| Revision | 1 |
| Date of issue of marketing authorisation valid throughout the European Union | 25/04/2016 |



AUTHORISED

This medicine is approved for use in the European Union

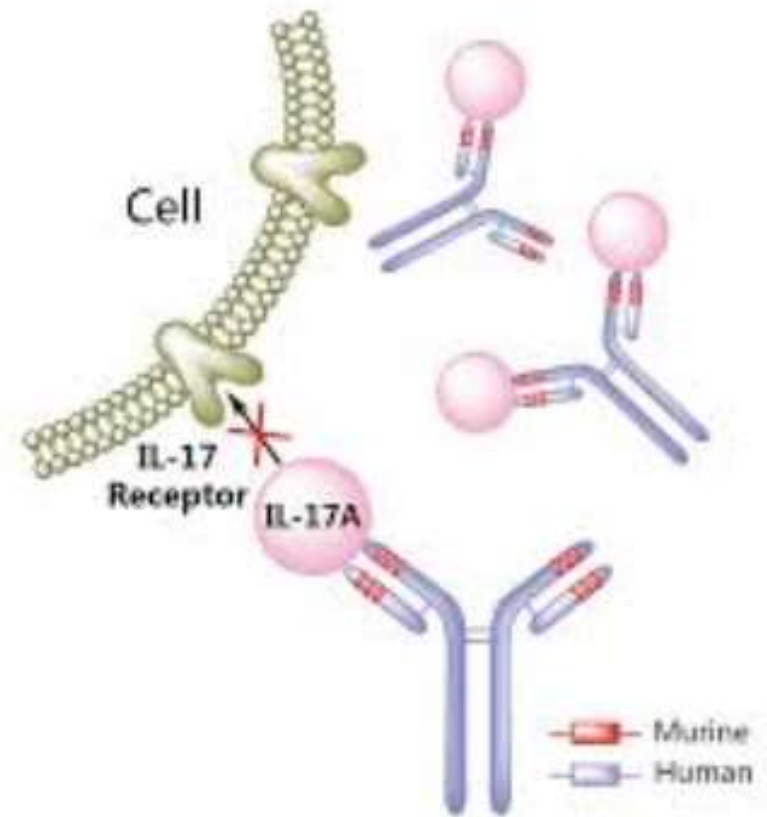


IXEKIZUMAB

4. INFORMAZIONI CLINICHE

4.1 Indicazioni terapeutiche

Taltz è indicato per il trattamento della psoriasi a placche di grado da moderato a severo in adulti che sono candidati ad una terapia sistemica.



BRODALUMAB

HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

These highlights do not include all the information needed to use SILIQ safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for SILIQ.

SILIQ™ (brodalumab) injection, for subcutaneous use
Initial U.S. Approval: 2017

WARNING: SUICIDAL IDEATION AND BEHAVIOR

See full prescribing information for complete boxed warning.

- Suicidal ideation and behavior, including completed suicides, have occurred in patients treated with SILIQ. (5.1, 6.1)
- Prior to prescribing, weigh potential risks and benefits in patients with a history of depression and/or suicidal ideation or behavior. (5.1)
- Patients with new or worsening suicidal thoughts and behavior should be referred to a mental health professional, as appropriate. (5.1)
- Advise patients and caregivers to seek medical attention for manifestations of suicidal ideation or behavior, new onset or worsening depression, anxiety, or other mood changes. (5.1)
- SILIQ is available only through a restricted program called the SILIQ REMS Program. (5.2)

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

SILIQ is a human interleukin-17 receptor A (IL-17RA) antagonist indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis in adult patients who are candidates for systemic therapy or phototherapy and have failed to respond or have lost response to other systemic therapies. (1)

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

- Administer 210 mg of SILIQ by subcutaneous injection at Weeks 0, 1, and 2 followed by 210 mg every 2 weeks. (2.1)

DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

- Injection: 210 mg/1.5 mL solution in a single-dose, pre-filled syringe. (3)

CONTRAINDICATIONS

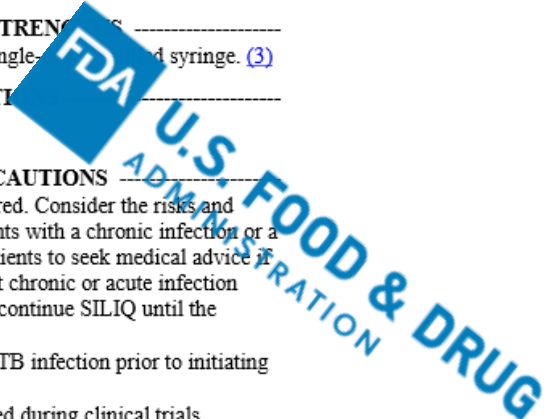
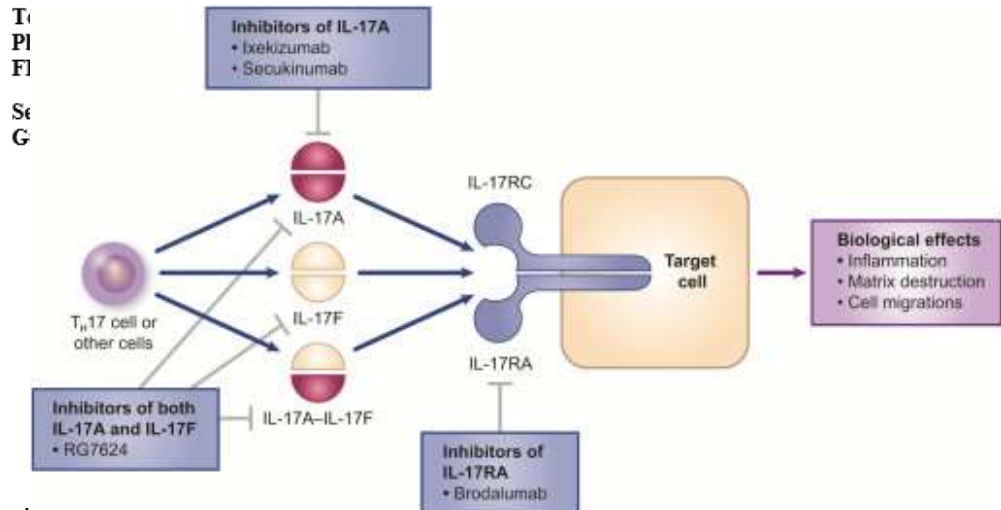
- Crohn's disease (4)

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- **Infections:** Serious infections have occurred. Consider the risks and benefits prior to initiating SILIQ in patients with a chronic infection or a history of recurrent infection. Instruct patients to seek medical advice if signs or symptoms of clinically important chronic or acute infection occur. If a serious infection develops, discontinue SILIQ until the infection resolves. (5.3)
- **Tuberculosis (TB):** Evaluate patients for TB infection prior to initiating treatment with SILIQ. (5.4)
- **Crohn's Disease:** Crohn's disease occurred during clinical trials. Discontinue SILIQ if patient develops Crohn's disease while taking SILIQ. (5.5)
- **Immunizations:** Avoid using live vaccines concurrently with SILIQ. (5.5)

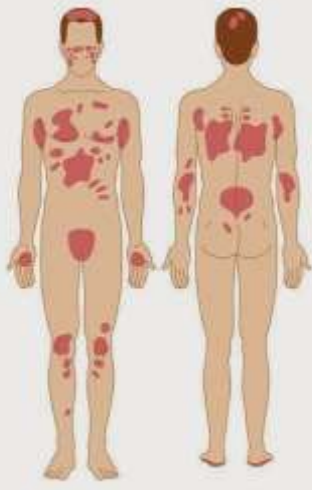
ADVERSE REACTIONS

Most common adverse reactions (incidence $\geq 1\%$) were arthralgia, headache, fatigue, diarrhea, oropharyngeal pain, nausea, myalgia, injection site reactions, influenza, neutropenia, and tinea infections. (6)



PSORIASI A PLACCHE

OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E SICUREZZA



SECUKINUMAB

2.043 pazienti

Efficacia e sicurezza clinica

Psoriasi a placche

La sicurezza e l'efficacia di Cosentyx sono state valutate in quattro studi randomizzati, in doppio cieco, controllati verso placebo, di fase III condotti in pazienti affetti da psoriasi a placche di grado da moderato a grave che erano candidabili alla fototerapia o alla terapia sistemica (ERASURE,

FIXTURE, FEATURE, state valutate rispetto al

In uno studio addizionale sulla psoriasi (CLEAR) sono stati valutati 676 pazienti. Secukinumab 300 mg ha raggiunto sia l'endpoint primario sia l'endpoint secondario, dimostrando la superiorità rispetto a ustekinumab sulla base della risposta PASI 90 alla settimana 16 e della rapidità di insorgenza della risposta PASI 75 alla settimana 4. Una maggiore efficacia di secukinumab rispetto a ustekinumab è stata precocemente osservata e si è mantenuta fino alla settimana 16, per quanto riguarda gli endpoint PASI 75/90/100 e per la risposta IGA mod 2011 0 o 1 ("cute pulita" o "cute quasi pulita").

IXEKIZUMAB

3.866 pazienti

Efficacia e sicurezza clinica

L'efficacia e la sicurezza di Taltz sono state valutate in tre studi di Fase III randomizzati, in doppio cieco, controllati con placebo, condotti in pazienti adulti affetti da psoriasi a placche di grado da moderato a severo che erano candidati alla fototerapia o alla terapia sistemica (UNCOVER-1, UNCOVER-2 e UNCOVER-3). L'efficacia e la sicurezza di Taltz sono state valutate anche verso etanercept (UNCOVER-2 e UNCOVER-3).



PSORIASI A PLACCHE

OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E SICUREZZA

La misura più frequentemente adottata per definire la gravità dell'interessamento cutaneo è lo

Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI)

un indice numerico che combina l'estensione con altri segni clinici.

Tuttavia questo parametro presenta numerosi limiti:

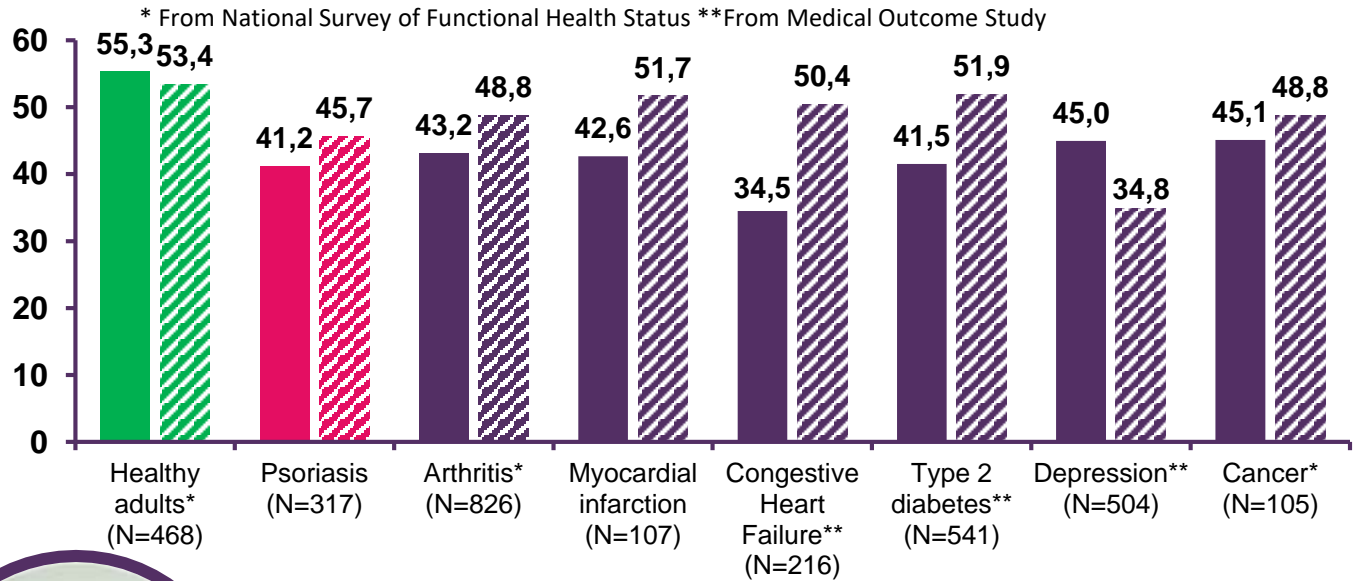
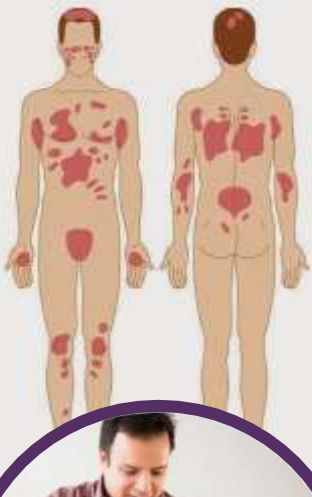
- non distingue tra differenti profili di distribuzione delle lesioni;
- non permette di valutare differenti sottotipi clinici della malattia;
- riflette di fatto un giudizio soggettivo e perde di sensibilità nelle forme di malattia meno estese.

La necessità di esprimere un indice di gravità che tenga conto anche dell'impatto sulla qualità della vita del paziente ha promosso l'elaborazione di un criterio semplice e facilmente applicabile, che combina il punteggio PASI con l'estensione delle lesioni espressa per mezzo dell'indice Body Surface Area (BSA) e con il grado di disagio sociale e psicologico connesso alla presenza della malattia determinato con la scala Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI).



PSORIASI A PLACCHE

OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E SICUREZZA



More than 80% of patients report moderate or large **problems in everyday life** due to psoriasis¹



Nearly half of psoriasis patient (48%) reported **problems sleeping**¹



More than a third of psoriasis patients (36%) report **problems using their hands**¹



About 3 out of 10 psoriasis patients (31%) report **problems while standing or sitting for long periods or walking**...¹



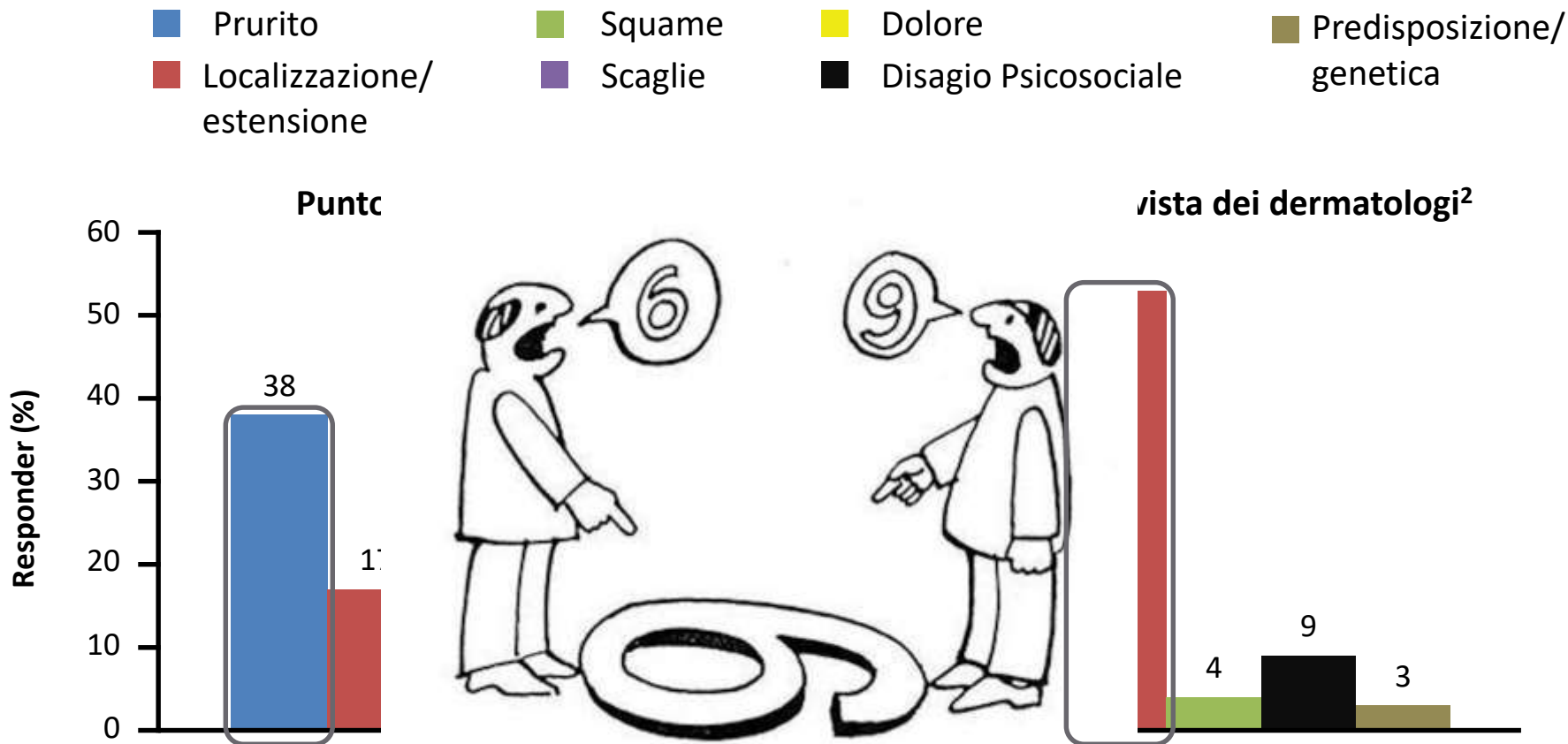
...and have **problems being sexually active** (29%)¹

Horn EJ JAAD 2007, 963-971



Il percepito del paziente relativo ai fattori che contribuiscono alla gravità della psoriasi differisce dal percepito da parte del medico

Prurito e localizzazione delle chiazze sono i fattori più influenti sulla QoL dalla prospettiva del paziente



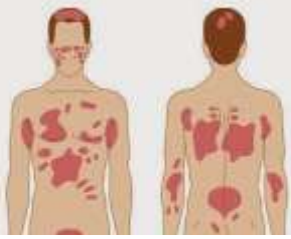
Studio MAPP

1. Lebwohl M, et al. *J Am Acad Dermatol.* 2014;70:871–881;

2. van de Kerkhof PC, et al. *J Eur Acad Dermatol Venereol.* 2015;29:2002–2010.

PSORIASI A PLACCHE

OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E SICUREZZA



AGENZIA ITALIANA DEL FARMACO

DETERMINA 8 marzo 2017

Aggiornamento della scheda di prescrizione cartacea per l'utilizzo appropriato dei farmaci (GU Serie Generale n.66 del 20-3-2017)

Indicazione rimborsata SSN

Il
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Compilare in caso di prima prescrizione (verifica a

Il/la Paziente:

1. Presenta:

PASI > 10 e BSA >10

oppure

PASI < 10 e BSA < 10 associati a lesioni:

al viso palmo/plantare ungueale genitale

2. Ha fallito un trattamento precedente con un DMARD sintetico convenzionale:

Farmaco (specificare): _____

Prescrizione

| Farmaco prescritto | dose (mg) | frequenza (settimane) | Prima prescrizione | Prosecuzione della cura |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Adalimumab | | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Etanercept | | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Infliximab | | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Ixekizumab | | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Secukinumab | | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Ustekinumab | | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Durata prevista del trattamento (mesi) _____

(NOTA BENE:

La validità della scheda di prescrizione cartacea non può superare i 12 mesi dalla data di compilazione.

Per i pazienti già in trattamento, il piano terapeutico dovrà essere redatto all'atto della prima visita specialistica utile).

TUTTI gli Ab monoclonali usati nella PSORIASI A PLACCHE



**PSORIASI A PLACCHE
OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E
SICUREZZA**

SECUKINUMAB

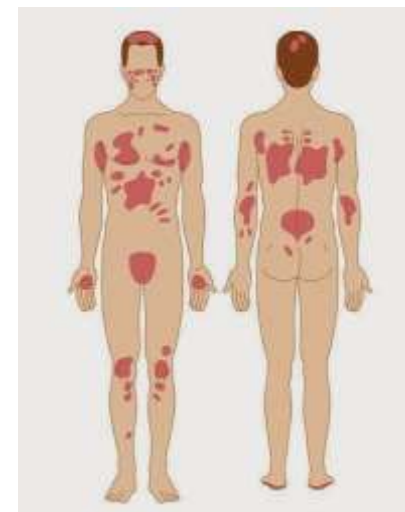


Tabella 2 Sintesi della risposta clinica PASI 50/75/90/100 & IGA⁺ mod. 2011 "cute pulita" o "cute quasi pulita" negli Studi 1, 3 e 4 sulla psoriasi (ERASURE, FEATURE e JUNCTURE)

| | Settimana 12 | | | Settimana 16 | | Settimana 52 | |
|--|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Placebo | 150 mg | 300 mg | 150 mg | 300 mg | 150 mg | 300 mg |
| Studio 1 | | | | | | | |
| Numero di pazienti | 246 | 244 | 245 | 244 | 245 | 244 | 245 |
| Risposta PASI 50 n (%) | 22 (8,9%) | 203 (83,5%) | 222 (90,6%) | 212 (87,2%) | 224 (91,4%) | 187 (77%) | 207 (84,5%) |
| Risposta PASI 75 n (%) | 11 (4,5%) | 174 (71,6%)** | 200 (81,6%)** | 188 (77,4%) | 211 (86,1%) | 146 (60,1%) | 182 (74,3%) |
| Risposta PASI 90 n (%) | 3 (1,2%) | 95 (39,1%)** | 145 (59,2%)** | 130 (53,5%) | 171 (69,8%) | 88 (36,2%) | 147 (60,0%) |
| Risposta PASI 100 n (%) | 2 (0,8%) | 31 (12,8%) | 70 (28,6%) | 51 (21,0%) | 102 (41,6%) | 49 (20,2%) | 96 (39,2%) |
| Risposta IGA mod. 2011 "cute pulita" o "cute quasi pulita" n (%) | 6 (2,40%) | 125 (51,2%)** | 160 (65,3%)** | 142 (58,2%) | 180 (73,5%) | 101 (41,4%) | 148 (60,4%) |

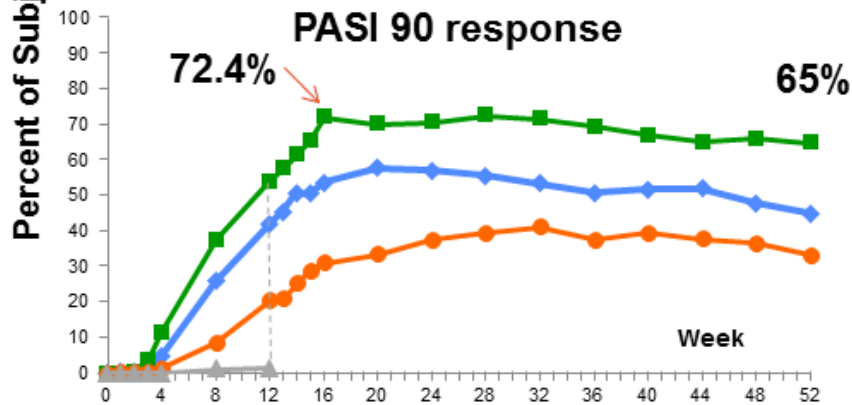
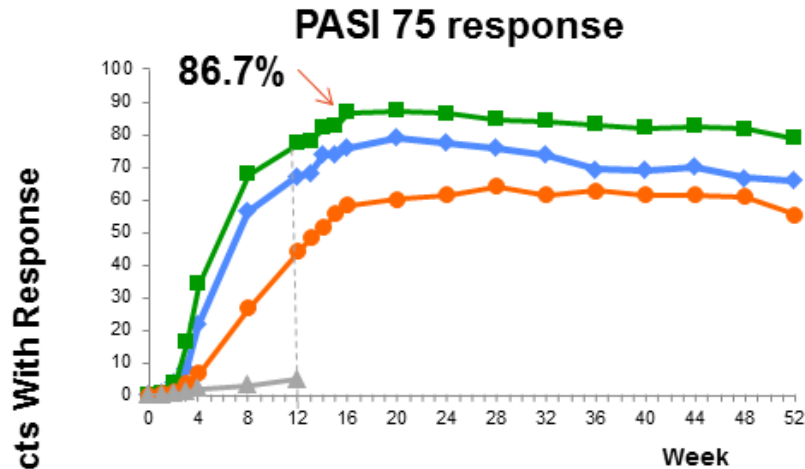
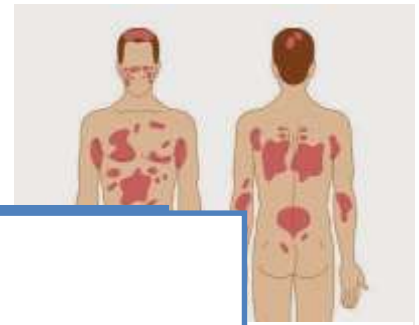
| | | | |
|--|----------|--------------|--------------|
| Studio 3 | | | |
| Numero di pazienti | 59 | 59 | 58 |
| Risposta PASI 50 n (%) | 3 (5,1%) | 51 (86,4%) | 51 (87,9%) |
| Risposta PASI 75 n (%) | 0 (0,0%) | 41 (69,5%)** | 44 (75,9%)** |
| Risposta PASI 90 n (%) | 0 (0,0%) | 27 (45,8%) | 35 (60,3%) |
| Risposta PASI 100 n (%) | 0 (0,0%) | 5 (8,5%) | 25 (43,1%) |
| Risposta IGA mod. 2011 "cute pulita" o "cute quasi pulita" n (%) | 0 (0,0%) | 31 (52,5%)** | 40 (69,0%)** |

| | | | |
|---|----------|--------------|--------------|
| Studio 4 | | | |
| Numero di pazienti | 61 | 60 | 60 |
| Risposta PASI 50 n (%) | 5 (8,2%) | 48 (80,0%) | 58 (96,7%) |
| Risposta PASI 75 n (%) | 2 (3,3%) | 43 (71,7%)** | 52 (86,7%)** |
| Risposta PASI 90 n (%) | 0 (0,0%) | 24 (40,0%) | 33 (55,0%) |
| Risposta PASI 100 n (%) | 0 (0,0%) | 10 (16,7%) | 16 (26,7%) |
| Risposta IGA mod 2011 "cute pulita" o "cute quasi pulita" n (%) | 0 (0,0%) | 32 (53,3%)** | 44 (73,3%)** |



PSORIASI A PLACCHE
OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E
SICUREZZA

SECUKINUMAB



^aNumber of evaluable subjects. Red arrows indicate peak response around week 16.
 Langley et al. *NEJM* 2014;371:326.

cept

2,4%)

5,4%)

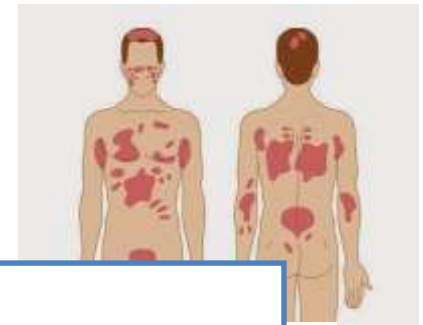
8,4%)

9%)

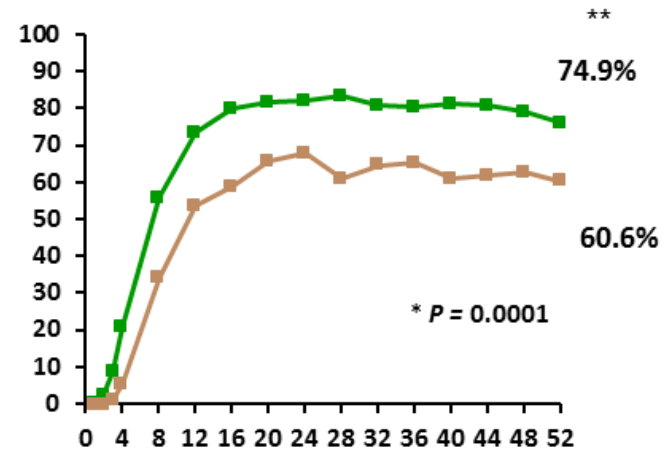
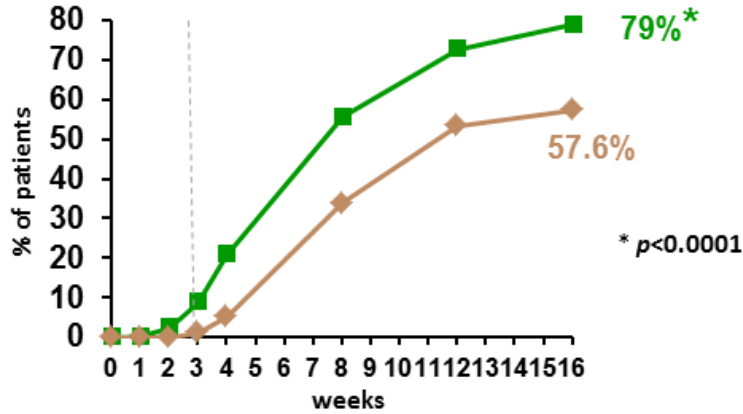
17,2%)

PSORIASI A PLACCHE
OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E
SICUREZZA

SECUKINUMAB



Studio CLEAR: secukinumab vs ustekinumab



■ Secukinumab 300mg (N=334)
 ■ ustekinumab# (N=335)

L'endpoint primario era PASI 90 alla Settimana16; * $P < 0.0001$ versus ustekinumab
 L'endpoint secondario era PASI 90 alla settimana 52; ** $P = 0.0001$ versus ustekinumab
 n, numero di soggetti valutabili; NRI, imputazione non-responder

Thaçi D, et al. Oral presentation at: AAD Annual Meeting; San Francisco, California; 20–24 March 2015. Presentazione Orale #3848.

** valori di p rispetto a ustekinumab: $p < 0,0001$



**PSORIASI A PLACCHE
OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E
SICUREZZA**

IXEKIZUMAB

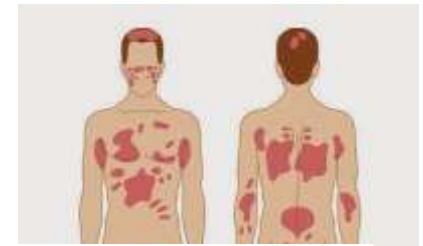


Tabella 2. Risultati di efficacia alla settimana 12 nello Studio UNCOVER-1

| Endpoints | Numero di pazienti (%) | | |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| | Placebo (N = 431) | Taltz 80 mg Q4W (N = 432) | Tal 80 mg (N = 432) |
| sPGA "0" (clear) o "1" (minimal) | 14 (3,2) | 330 (76,4) ^a | 354 (81,2) |
| sPGA "0" (clear) | 0 | 149 (34,5) ^a | 160 (37,0) |
| PASI 75 | 17 (3,9) | 357 (82,6) ^a | 386 (89,3) |
| PASI 90 | 2 (0,5) | 279 (64,6) ^a | 307 (70,8) |
| PASI 100 | 0 | 145 (33,6) ^a | 153 (35,4) |
| Riduzione del prurito di un punteggio ≥ 4 secondo la scala NRS ^b | 58 (15,5) | 305 (80,5) ^a | 336 (80,0) |

Abbreviazioni: N = numero di pazienti nella popolazione in
Nota: pazienti con dati mancanti sono stati contati come no
^a $p < 0,001$ rispetto al placebo
^b Pazienti con punteggio secondo la scala NRS per il prurito ≥ 4 secondo la scala NRS per il prurito: placebo N = 379, Taltz 80 mg Q4W N = 379, Taltz 80 mg Q2W N = 391

Tabella 3. Risultati di efficacia alla settimana 12 nello Studio UNCOVER-2

| Endpoints | Numero di pazienti (%) | | | | Differenza del tasso di risposta rispetto al Placebo (95% CI) | |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|---|-------------------|
| | Placebo (N = 168) | Taltz 80 mg Q4W (N = 347) | Taltz 80 mg Q2W (N = 351) | Etanercept 50 mg due volte a settimana (N = 358) | Taltz 80 mg Q4W | Taltz 80 mg Q2W |
| sPGA "0" (clear) o "1" (minimal) | 4 (2,4) | 253 (72,9) ^a | 292 (83,2) ^a | 129 (36,0) | 70,5 (65,3;75,7) | 80,8 (76,3;85,4) |
| sPGA "0" (clear) | 1 (0,6) | 112 (32,3) ^{ab} | 147 (41,9) ^{ab} | 21 (5,9) ^c | 31,7 (26,6; 36,7) | 41,3 (36,0; 46,6) |
| PASI 75 | 4 (2,4) | 269 (77,5) ^{ab} | 315 (89,7) ^{ab} | 149 (41,6) ^a | 75,1 (70,2; 80,1) | 87,4 (83,4; 91,3) |
| PASI 90 | 1 (0,6) | 207 (59,7) ^{ab} | 248 (70,7) ^{ab} | 67 (18,7) ^a | 59,1 (53,8; 64,4) | 70,1 (65,2; 75,0) |
| PASI 100 | 1 (0,6) | 107 (30,8) ^{ab} | 142 (40,5) ^{ab} | 19 (5,3) ^c | 30,2 (25,2; 35,2) | 39,9 (34,6; 45,1) |
| Riduzione del prurito di un punteggio ≥ 4 secondo la scala NRS ^d | 19 (14,1) | 225 (76,8) ^{ab} | 258 (85,1) ^{ab} | 177 (57,8) ^a | 62,7 (55,1; 70,3) | 71,1 (64,0; 78,2) |

Abbreviazioni: N = numero di pazienti nella popolazione intent-to-treat
Nota: pazienti con dati mancanti sono stati contati come non-responder
^a $p < 0,001$ rispetto al placebo
^b $p < 0,001$ rispetto a etanercept
^c $p < 0,01$ rispetto al placebo
^d Pazienti con punteggio secondo la scala NRS per il prurito ≥ 4 al basale: placebo N = 135, Taltz 80 mg Q4W N = 293, Taltz 80 mg Q2W N = 303, Etanercept N = 306

**ARTRITE PSORIASICA
OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E
SICUREZZA**

SECUKINUMAB



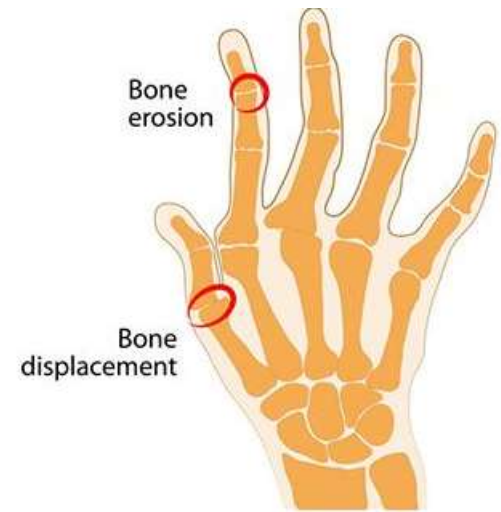
Artrite psoriasica

**24 MARZO
2017**

Ore 14.00 – 17.00
Sala Riunioni "Il Monte"
Ospedale di Stato (5° Piano)

**PSORIASI e
ARTROPATIA
PSORIASICA:**

**dalla cute alle articolazioni
e viceversa**



moderato a severo in adulti

Cosentyx, da solo o in associazione con metotressato (MTX), è indicato per il trattamento dell'artrite psoriasica attiva in pazienti adulti quando la risposta a precedente terapia con farmaci antireumatici in grado di modificare il decorso della malattia (DMARD) è risultata inadeguata (vedere paragrafo 5.1).

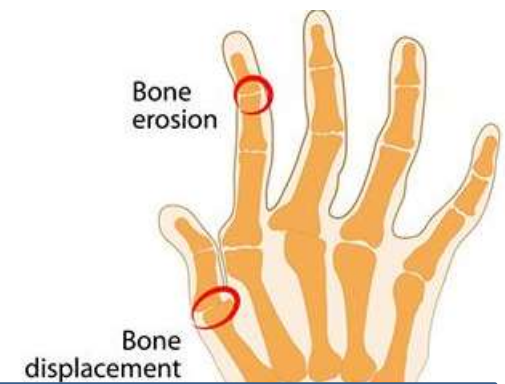
Artrite psoriasica

La sicurezza e l'efficacia di Cosentyx sono state valutate in 1.003 pazienti in due studi di fase III randomizzati, in doppio cieco, controllati verso placebo effettuati su pazienti con artrite psoriasica attiva (≥ 3 articolazioni tumefatte e ≥ 3 articolazioni dolenti) nonostante la terapia con farmaci antiinfiammatori non steroidei (FANS), corticosteroidi o farmaci antireumatici in grado di modificare il decorso della malattia (DMARD).



ARTRITE PSORIASICA
OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E
SICUREZZA

SECUKINUMAB



In questi studi sono stati arruolati pazienti con le diverse varianti di PsA, incluse l'artrite poliarticolare senza noduli reumatoidi, la spondilite con artrite periferica, l'artrite periferica asimmetrica, quella con interessamento delle articolazioni interfalangee distali e l'artrite mutilante. I pazienti in questi studi presentavano una diagnosi di PsA da una mediana di 3,9 a 5,3 anni. La maggioranza dei pazienti presentava anche lesioni cutanee compatibili con psoriasi attiva o una storia documentata di psoriasi. Oltre il 62% e il 47% dei pazienti con PsA presentava

Lo Studio 1 sulla PsA (FUTURE 1) ha valutato 606 pazienti, il 60,7% dei quali assumeva in concomitanza MTX. I pazienti randomizzati a Cosentyx hanno ricevuto una dose di 10 mg/kg per via endovenosa alle settimane 0, 2 e 4, seguita da 75 mg o 150 mg per via sottocutanea ogni mese a partire dalla settimana 8. I pazienti randomizzati al placebo che non avevano risposto alla settimana 16 (early rescue) e gli altri pazienti (75 mg o 150 mg per via

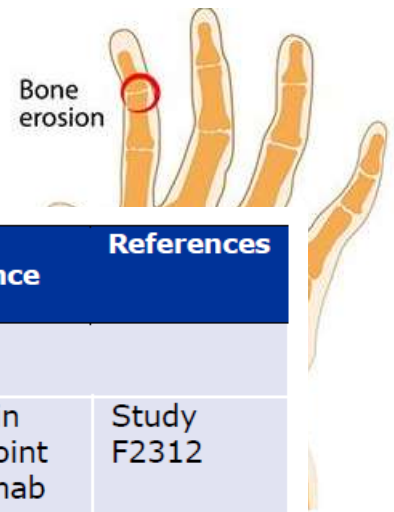
o era la risposta

Lo Studio 2 sulla PsA (FUTURE 2) ha valutato 397 pazienti, il 46,6% dei quali assumeva in concomitanza MTX. I pazienti randomizzati a Cosentyx hanno ricevuto una dose di 75 mg, 150 mg o 300 mg per via sottocutanea alle settimane 0, 1, 2 e 3, seguite dalla somministrazione della stessa dose ogni mese a partire dalla settimana 4. I pazienti randomizzati al trattamento con placebo che non avevano risposto alla settimana 16 (early rescue) sono passati al trattamento con Cosentyx (150 mg o 300 mg per via sottocutanea) alla settimana 16, seguito dalla somministrazione della stessa dose ogni mese. I pazienti randomizzati al trattamento con il placebo che avevano risposto alla settimana 16 sono passati al trattamento con Cosentyx (150 mg o 300 mg per via sottocutanea) alla settimana 24, seguito dalla somministrazione della stessa dose ogni mese.

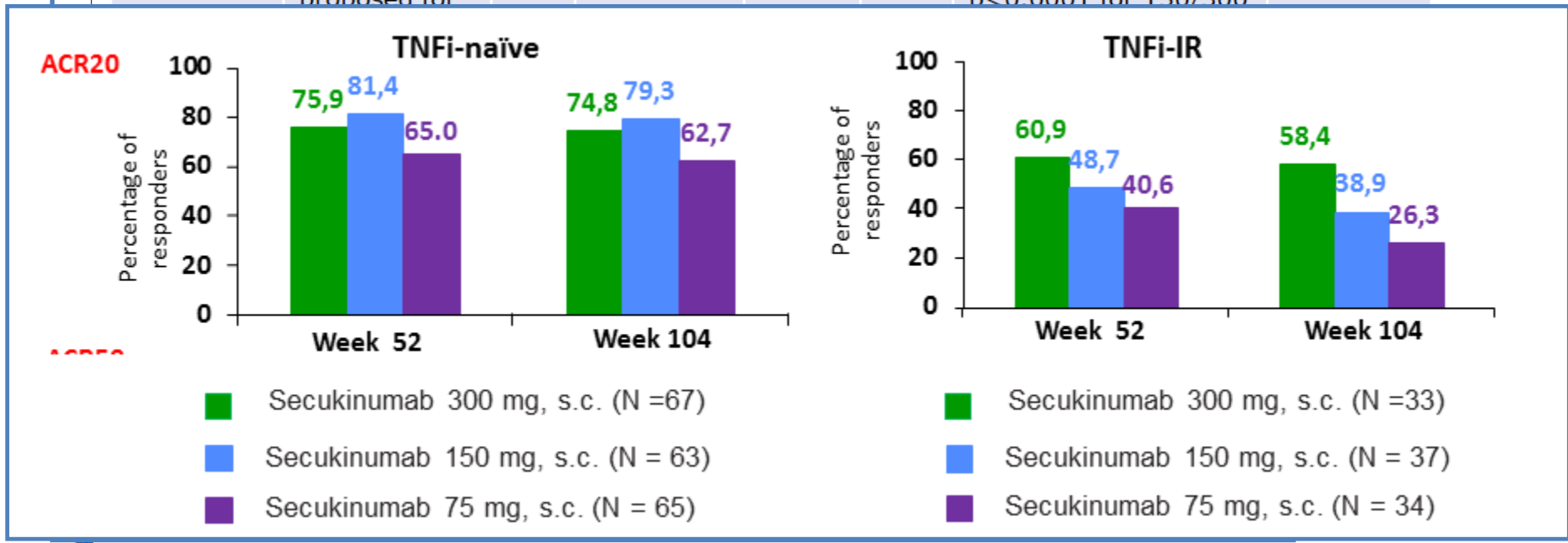


**ARTRITE PSORIASICA
OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E
SICUREZZA**

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| Effect | Short Description | Unit | Active 150mg | Active 300 mg | Plac ebo | Uncertainties/ Strength of evidence | References |
|---------------------------|--|------|--------------|---------------|----------|---|-------------|
| Favourable Effects | | | | | | | |
| ACR 20 ¹ | % achieving response at Week 24 (primary endpoint) (sc loading regimen as proposed for | % | 51.0 | 54.0 | 15.3 | Significant effect in the primary endpoint with all secukinumab doses compared to placebo after sc loading (p=0.0200 for 75 mg dose; p<0.0001 for 150/300 | Study F2312 |





Sollevamento delle unghie
 striature e screpolature
 delle unghie

Settir

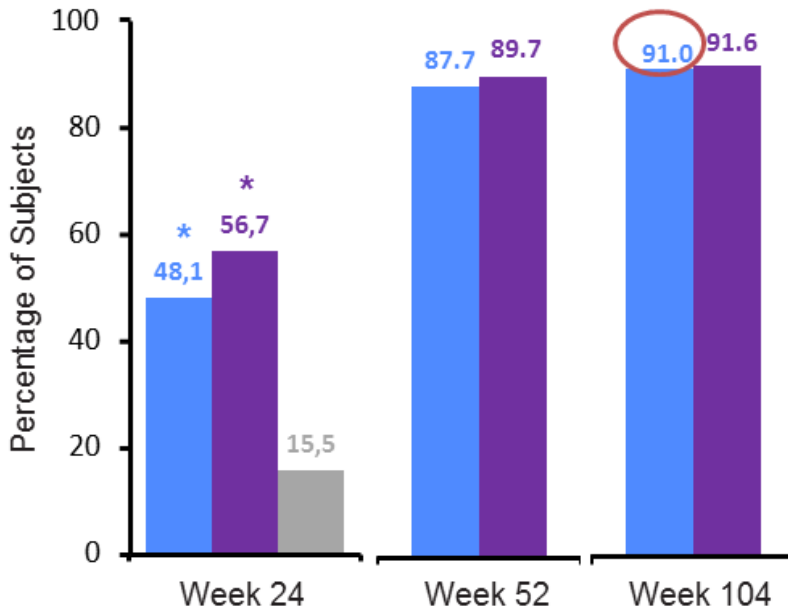


Gonfiore
 delle

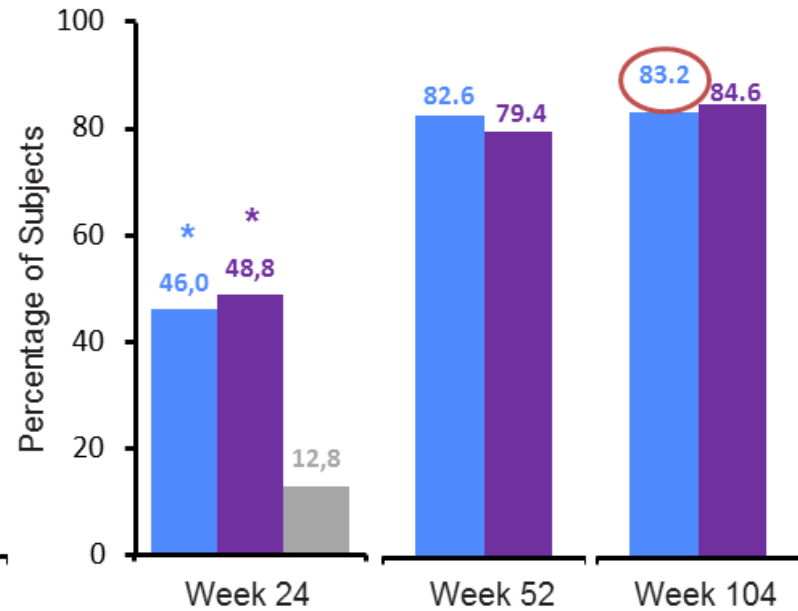
Bone
 erosion



Risoluzione della Dattilite



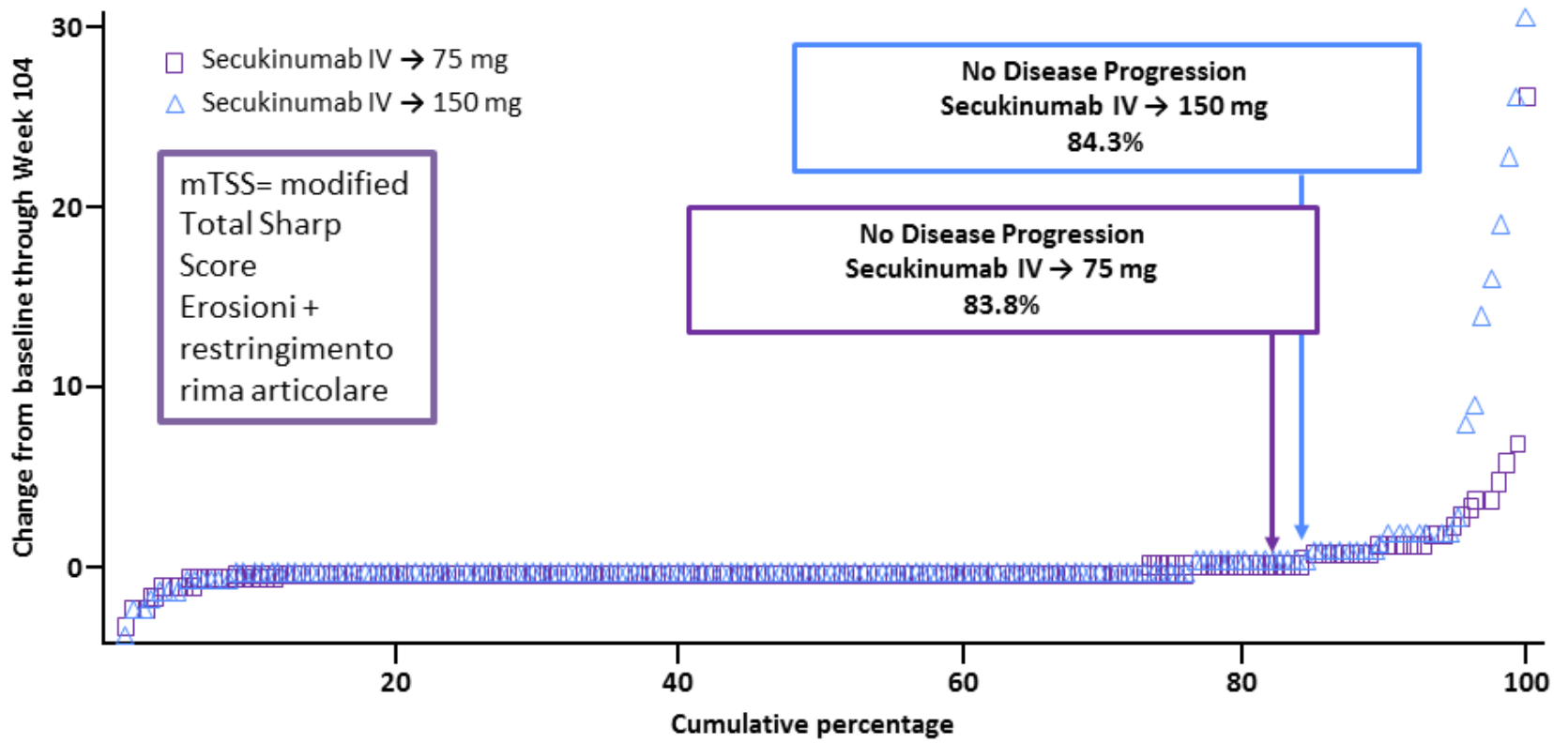
Risoluzione della Entesite



■ Secukinumab 10 mg/kg i.v. → 150 mg s.c. ■ Secukinumab 10 mg/kg i.v. → 75 mg s.c. ■ Placebo

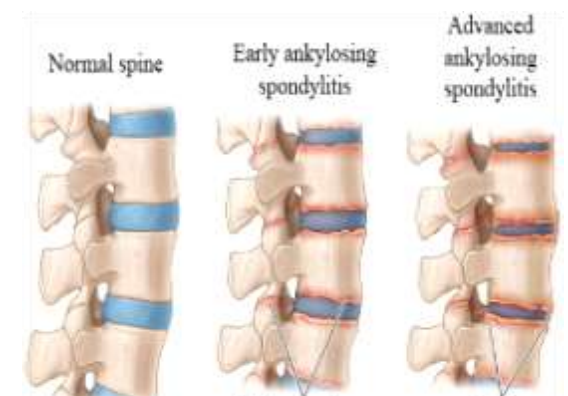


84% dei pazienti non mostra progressione radiografica a 104 settimane



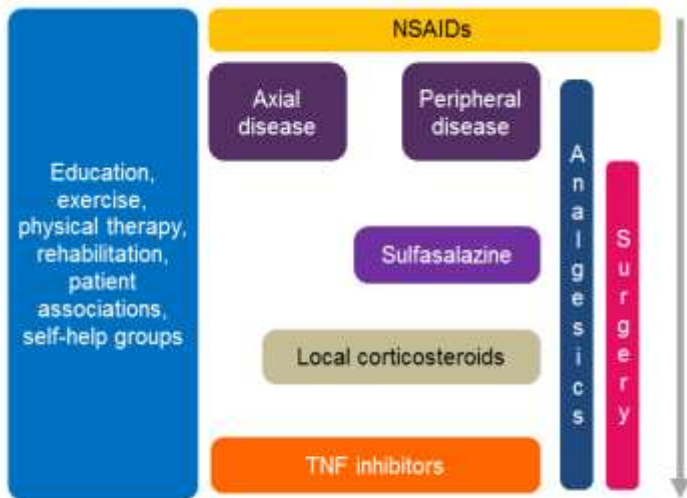
**SPONDILITE
ANCHILOSANTE
OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA
E SICUREZZA**

SECUKINUMAB

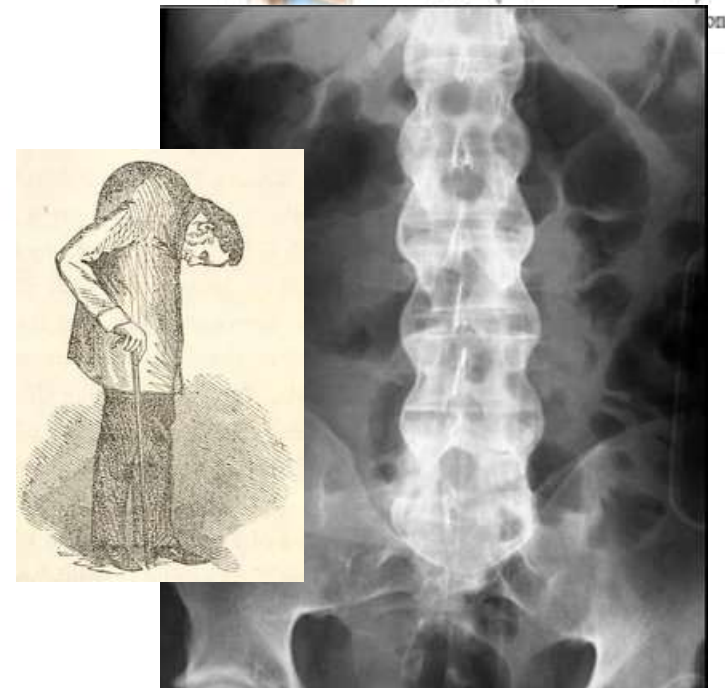


4. INFORMAZIONI CLINICHE

Attuale Algoritmo di trattamento¹



- FANS rappresentano la terapia di prima linea ma spesso sono inefficaci per la SA attiva²
- Ruolo dei corticosteroidi è limitato³
- Sulfasalazina per l'artrite periferica
- DMARDs non hanno dimostrato efficacia nel coinvolgimento assiale²



DMARDs, disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs; NSAIDs, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs; TNF, tumor necrosis factor.
1. Braun J, et al. *Ann Rheum Dis.* 2011;70:896-904; 2. Wending D. *Expert Opin Pharmacother.* 2004;5:1497-507;
3. Toussiroit E. *Expert Opin Pharmacother.* 2011;12:2469-77; 4. Ren L, et al. *Am J Med Sci.* 2013;346:455-61.

Cosentyx è indicato per il trattamento della spondilite anchilosante attiva in adulti con risposta inadeguata alla terapia convenzionale.



**SPONDILITE
ANCHILOSANTE
OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA
E SICUREZZA**

SECUKINUMAB



Spondilite anchilosante

La sicurezza e l'efficacia di Cosentyx sono state valutate in 590 pazienti in due studi di fase III randomizzati, in doppio cieco, controllati verso placebo effettuati in pazienti affetti da spondilite anchilosante (AS) attiva con Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) ≥ 4 nonostante la terapia con farmaci antiinfiammatori non steroidei (FANS), corticosteroidi o farmaci antireumatici in grado di modificare il decorso della malattia (DMARDs). In questi studi i pazienti presentavano una diagnosi di AS da una mediana di 2,7 a 5,8 anni. Per entrambi gli studi, l'endpoint primario era un miglioramento di almeno il 20% dei criteri di valutazione stabiliti da parte della

Società Internazionale s Lo Studio 1 sulla AS (MEASURE 1) ha valutato 371 pazienti, dei quali il 14,8% e il 33,4% ha utilizzato in concomitanza MTX o sulfasalazina, rispettivamente. I pazienti randomizzati a Cosentyx hanno ricevuto una dose di 10 mg/kg per via endovenosa alle settimane 0, 2 e 4, seguita da 75 mg o 150 mg per via sottocutanea ogni mese dalla settimana 8. I pazienti randomizzati al placebo che non avevano risposto alla settimana 16 (early rescue) e tutti gli altri pazienti in placebo alla settimana 24 sono stati avviati al trattamento con Cosentyx (75 mg o 150 mg per via sottocutanea), seguito dalla

Lo Studio 2 sulla AS (MEASURE 2) ha valutato 219 pazienti, dei quali l'11,9% e il 14,2% ha utilizzato in concomitanza MTX o sulfasalazina, rispettivamente. I pazienti randomizzati a Cosentyx hanno ricevuto una dose di 75 mg o 150 mg per via sottocutanea alle settimane 0, 1, 2 e 3, seguita dalla somministrazione della stessa dose ogni mese dalla settimana 4. Alla settimana 16, i pazienti che erano stati randomizzati al braccio placebo al basale sono stati di nuovo randomizzati per ricevere Cosentyx (75 mg o 150 mg per via sottocutanea) ogni mese.



**SPONDILITE
ANCHILOSANTE
OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA
E SICUREZZA**

SECUKINUMAB



Rate di risposta ASAS20 alla settimana 24 per infliximab, settimana 14 per golimumab e a settimana 12 per adalimumab, certolizumab pegol and etanercept

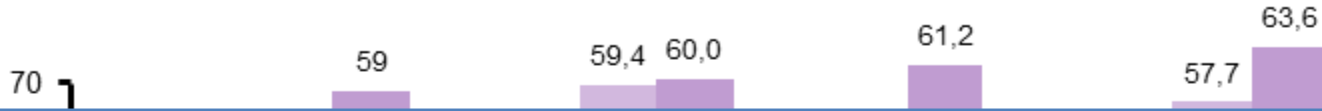
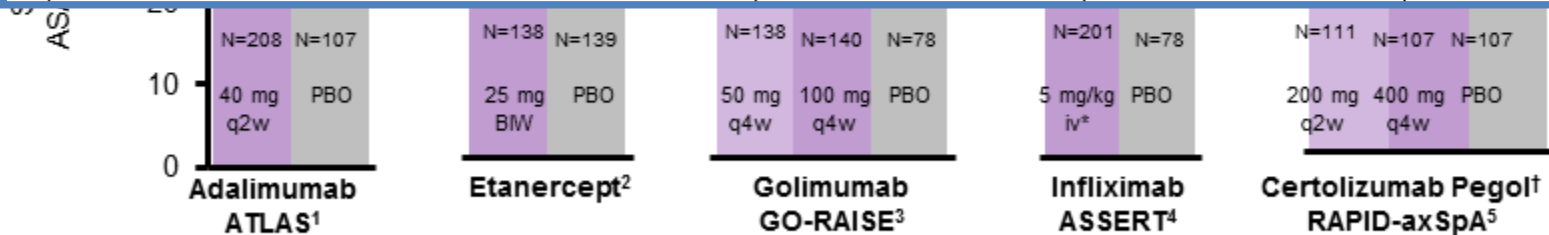


Tabella 7 Risposta clinica nello Studio 2 sulla AS alla settimana 16

| Esito (p-value verso placebo) | Placebo (n=74) | 75 mg (n=73) | 150 mg (n=72) |
|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| Risposta ASAS 20, % | 28,4 | 41,1 | 61,1*** |
| Risposta ASAS 40, % | 10,8 | 26,0 | 36,1*** |



†RAPID-axSpA study performed in anti-TNF-naïve and anti-TNF-experienced patients; PBO, placebo

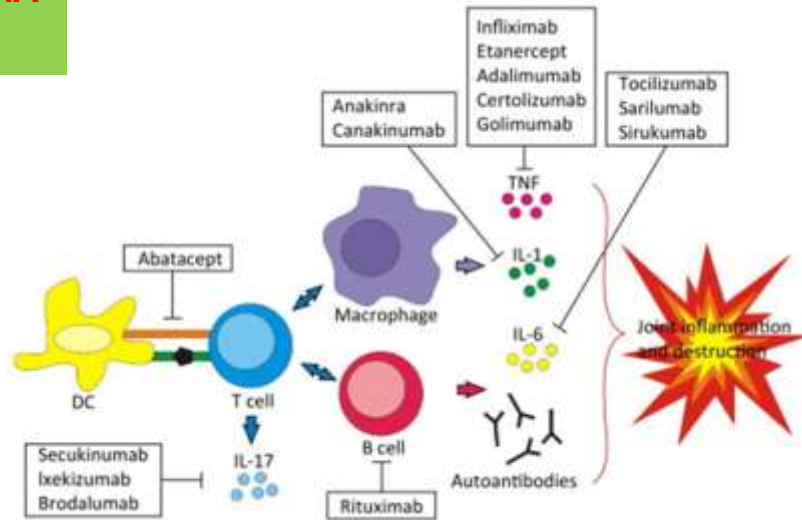
1. van der Heijde, D, et al. *Arthritis Rheum.* 2006;54:2136–46; 2. Davis Jr JC, et al. *Arthritis Rheum.* 2003;48:3230–6;

3. Inman RD, et al. *Arthritis Rheum.* 2008;58:3402–12; 4. van der Heijde, D, et al. *Arthritis Rheum.* 2005;52:582–91; 5. Landewe R, et al. *Ann Rheum Dis.* 2014;73:39–47.



**SPONDILITE
ANCHILOSANTE
OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA
E SICUREZZA**

SECUKINUMAB



TRENDS in Pharmacological Sciences

Funzione fisica e qualità di vita

Negli Studi 1 e 2 sulla AS, i pazienti trattati con Cosentyx 150 mg hanno mostrato miglioramenti della qualità di vita misurati mediante AS Quality of Life Questionnaire (ASQoL) ($p=0,001$) e SF-36 Physical Component Summary (SF-36 PCS) ($p<0,001$). I pazienti trattati con Cosentyx 150 mg hanno mostrato miglioramenti statisticamente significativi anche negli endpoint esplorativi della funzionalità fisica valutata mediante Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Functional Index (BASFI) rispetto al placebo (-2,15 verso -0,68) e del senso di affaticamento valutato mediante Functional Assessment of Chronic Illness Therapy-Fatigue (FACIT-Stanchezza) rispetto al placebo (8,10 verso 3,30). Questi miglioramenti sono stati mantenuti fino alla settimana 52.

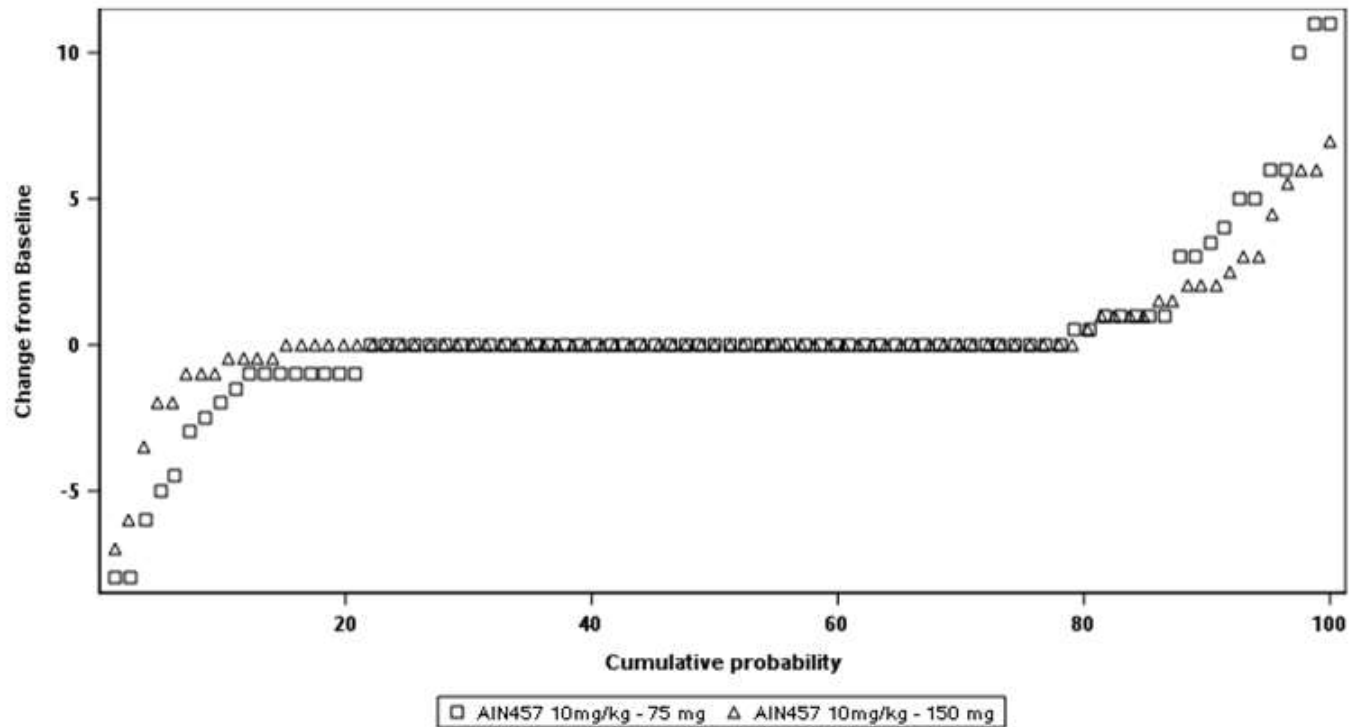


**SPONDILITE
ANCHILOSANTE
OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA
E SICUREZZA**

SECUKINUMAB



80% dei pazienti non mostra progressione radiografica a 104 settimane
mean mSASSS change from baseline: 0.3



OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E SICUREZZA

PRODUCT REGISTRATION CRITERIA

(QUALITY, SAFETY, EFFICACY)



Quali sono le misure prese per garantire l'uso sicuro ed efficace di Cosentyx?

È stato elaborato un piano di gestione dei rischi per garantire che Cosentyx sia usato nel modo più sicuro possibile. In base a tale piano, al riassunto delle caratteristiche del prodotto e al foglio illustrativo di Cosentyx sono state aggiunte le informazioni relative alla sicurezza, ivi comprese le opportune precauzioni che gli operatori sanitari e i pazienti devono prendere.

Ulteriori informazioni sono disponibili nel [riassunto del piano di gestione dei rischi](#).

EMA/775515/2014

Summary of the risk management plan (RMP) for Cosentyx (secukinumab)

This is a summary of the risk management plan (RMP) for Cosentyx, which details the measures to be taken in order to ensure that Cosentyx is used as safely as possible. For more information on RMP



ed efficace di Taltz?

...sia usato nel modo più sicuro
dotto e al foglio illustrativo di
...uzioni

pagina 2/3



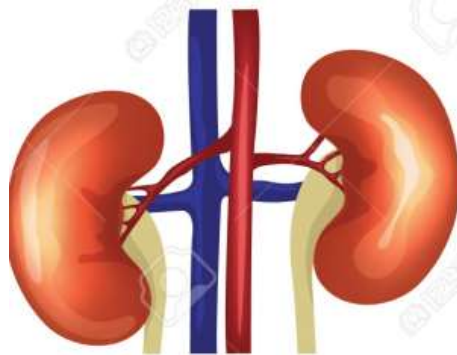
OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E SICUREZZA

Summary of the risk management plan (RMP) for Cosentyx (secukinumab)



Unknowns relating to treatment benefits

Psoriasis is common in Caucasian adults so most patients in clinical trials were Caucasian and between 18 and 65 years old, although 230 patients above age 65 were also included. There is no evidence that results would be different in non-Caucasian patients. Cosentyx was not studied in pregnant and breastfeeding women and in children, nor in patients with severe liver, kidney or heart disease, so there is no information on safety or effectiveness of Cosentyx in these patients. In addition, most studies did not last longer than 1 year. Extension studies are ongoing to observe effectiveness and safety beyond 1 year.



OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E SICUREZZA

Important identified risks

| Risk | What is known | Preventability |
|------------|---|---|
| Infections | In studies, patients were more likely to develop certain infections while taking Cosentyx, the most common (seen in more than 1 patient in 10) being upper respiratory tract infections (colds). Most infections were mild or moderate and could be easily managed. | Patients and their doctors should be alert for signs or symptoms of infections, and Cosentyx must not be given while a serious infection is active. Extra care is needed if Cosentyx is given to patients with ongoing, long-term infections or who have a history of repeated infection. Attention to early signs of infections reported with Cosentyx will allow for early treatment. |

| Low | Effect | Short Description | Unit | Active 150mg | Active 300 mg | Plac ebo | Uncertainties/ Strength of evidence | References | ossible |
|-------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|---|-------------------------|---------|
| neut | Infections | Overall rate of infections, SOC | % ²⁾ IR ³⁾ | 30.0 88.7 | 29.0 95.1 | 25.7 94.2 | Increased incidence of infections during the first 16 weeks, mainly upper respiratory tract infections. No imbalance in the long-term using exposure-adjusted IR. No increased rate of mycobacterial or serious opportunistic infections. | Studies F2306 and F2312 | nd |
| type | Infections and infestations | | | | | fety | | | |
| bloo | | | | | | time | | | |
| help | Aller | Candida infections (HLT) | % ²⁾ IR ³⁾ | 1.0 1.6 | 1.0 3.4 | 0.0 0.0 | Candida infections consisting mainly of oral candidiasis-and vulvovaginal candidiasis. All cases mild/moderate in severity. None led to discontinuation. | Studies F2306 and F2312 | ients |
| infec | (hyp | | | | | | | | ed |
| (neu | | | | | | | | | t |
| | | Oral herpes infections (PT) | % ²⁾ IR ³⁾ | 0.0 2.8 | 4.0 5.7 | 1.0 3.8 | Increased incidence of herpes viral infections. No cases of disseminated or CNS herpes. | Studies F2306 and F2312 | o alert |
| | | | | | | | | | ions. |
| | | | | | | | | | |



Safety
Cosentyx (

Unknowns re

Psoriasis is comm
18 and 65 years c
results would be c
breastfeeding wo
there is no inform
studies did not la
safety beyond 1 y



OUTCOME

Summary of the Cosentyx (secukinumab) clinical trial

Unknowns relating to Cosentyx

Psoriasis is common in C...
 18 and 65 years old, altho...
 results would be differer...
 breastfeeding women ar...
 there is no information c...
 studies did not last long...
 safety beyond 1 year.

Important potential risks

| Risk | What is known |
|---|--|
| Cancers and tumours that may be malignant (malignant or unspecified tumours) | Some medicines that influence the immune system may increase the risk of developing cancers. This is therefore a theoretical risk with Cosentyx, although currently there is no evidence that Cosentyx increases the risk of cancer. There is no adequate data available on the use of Cosentyx in patients who have, or have previously had, cancer. |
| Heart attacks or strokes [Major Adverse Cardiovascular Events (MACE)] | Psoriasis patients are often at increased risk of effects on heart and circulation because they are more likely to have known risk factors that include increased levels of fat and sugar in the blood, obesity and high blood pressure. It is not yet known if Cosentyx increases the likelihood of heart or circulation problems, which also occurred in some patients given dummy treatment, but it is currently considered a potential risk. |
| Reduced effectiveness of Cosentyx due to antibodies (immunogenicity) | The active substance in Cosentyx, secukinumab, is a biological product that has the potential to cause the body to produce antibodies that attack the medicine, which can potentially neutralise its therapeutic effect. So far, a very small number of Cosentyx-treated patients developed antibodies to Cosentyx after up to 1 year of treatment. About half of these antibodies were "neutralising" (i.e., had the potential to reduce the effect of the medicine), but loss of effect was not demonstrated in study patients who developed such antibodies. |
| Crohn's disease | Crohn's disease is a long-term condition which can flare up periodically. Some patients receiving Cosentyx were reported to have a flare-up of Crohn's disease. It is not yet known if Cosentyx has any role in causing the flares, which also occurred in some patients given dummy treatment, but it is currently considered a potential risk. Information will continue to be collected about Cosentyx and its effects, including about any effects on Crohn's disease. Patients with a history of Crohn's disease should be carefully monitored if given Cosentyx. |
| Recurrence of active disease in patients infected with hepatitis B virus (patients with hepatitis B reactivation) | Cosentyx has not been studied specifically in patients with hepatitis B infections. The risk of a flare-up of infection in this population is therefore unknown but because Cosentyx affects the immune system it is considered a potential risk. |
| Possible complications with certain vaccines while taking Cosentyx (interactions with live vaccines) | Because Cosentyx affects the immune system, there is a possibility that it may increase the risk of contracting an infection or of spreading it to others if patients are given a vaccine that contains live organisms. Vaccination with live vaccines (such as chickenpox vaccine) should be avoided while being treated with Cosentyx. Vaccines that do not contain live organisms (inactivated vaccines such as inactivated influenza vaccine) are safe and can produce appropriate |



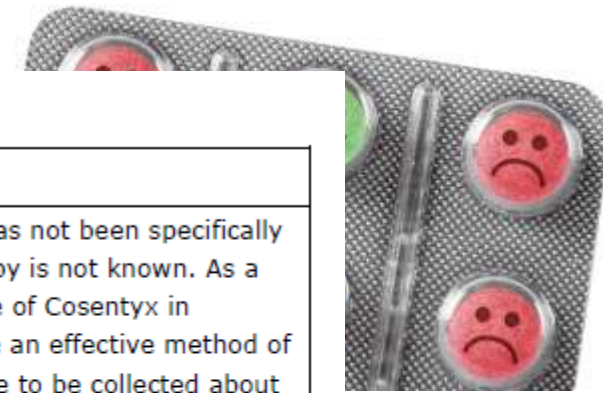
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OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E SICUREZZA

Missing information

| Risk | What is known |
|--|---|
| Exposure of an unborn baby to Cosentyx during pregnancy (fetal exposure in utero) | Use of Cosentyx during pregnancy and breastfeeding has not been specifically studied, and whether there is any risk to an unborn baby is not known. As a precautionary measure, it is preferable to avoid the use of Cosentyx in pregnancy. Women of childbearing potential should use an effective method of birth control during treatment. Information will continue to be collected about Cosentyx and its effects, including about any exposures during pregnancy. |
| Long term safety and effectiveness information | The safety and effectiveness of long-term use of Cosentyx is not yet known. Information will continue to be collected about Cosentyx and its effects long-term. |
| Use in children (use in paediatric patients) | Children below 18 years of age have not been included in studies with Cosentyx. Therefore, it is not known whether the medicine is safe and effective in children. |
| Patients with severe liver disease (patients with severe hepatic impairment) | Cosentyx has not been studied specifically in patients with severely reduced liver function. The safety and effectiveness in this population is therefore unknown. |
| Patients with severe kidney disease (patients with severe renal impairment) | Cosentyx has not been studied specifically in patients with severely reduced kidney function. The safety and effectiveness in this population is therefore unknown. |
| Patients with severe heart disease or uncontrolled high blood pressure (patients with severe cardiac disease or uncontrolled hypertension) | Cosentyx has not been studied specifically in patients with severe heart disease or uncontrolled high blood pressure. The safety and effectiveness in this population is therefore unknown. |



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Psoriasis is comm
18 and 65 years
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safety beyond 1)



Medicinali sottoposti a monitoraggio addizionale

In osservanza a quanto previsto dalla [nuova legislazione di farmacovigilanza](#), l'Unione Europea ha introdotto una nuova procedura per contrassegnare i medicinali che sono oggetto di uno stretto e specifico monitoraggio da parte delle agenzie regolatorie e che appunto rientrano nella denominazione di "medicinali sottoposti a monitoraggio addizionale".

Si tratta in particolare di:

- medicinali contenenti nuove sostanze attive autorizzate in Europa dopo il 1 gennaio 2011;
- medicinali biologici (quali i vaccini e i derivati del plasma) e biosimilari per i quali i dati di esperienza post commercializzazione sono limitati;
- prodotti la cui autorizzazione è subordinata a particolari condizioni (è il caso in cui l'Azienda è tenuta a fornire ulteriori dati) o autorizzati in circostanze eccezionali (quando sussiste una specifica motivazione per cui l'Azienda non può fornire un set esaustivo di dati);
- medicinali soggetti a studi sulla sicurezza dopo la concessione dell'[AIC](#) (risultati sull'uso a lungo termine o su reazioni avverse rare riscontrate nel corso della sperimentazione clinica).

Ulteriori medicinali possono essere sottoposti a monitoraggio addizionale dietro decisione del Comitato di valutazione dei rischi per la [farmacovigilanza](#) (PRAC) dell'Agenzia Europea dei Medicinali (EMA).

Tali medicinali vengono identificati da un simbolo nero, un triangolo equilatero rovesciato ▼, da includere nei fogli illustrativi e nei Riassunti delle Caratteristiche del Prodotto insieme ad una dicitura standard per informare pazienti e operatori sanitari che il farmaco in

ignifica il
nero?



Le segnalazioni pervenute sui medicinali inclusi nelle liste saranno valutate insieme ai dati già disponibili, al fine di garantire che i benefici di tali medicinali siano sempre superiori ai loro rischi e per poter intraprendere adeguate azioni regolatorie, quando necessario.

I medicinali restano soggetti a monitoraggio addizionale per un periodo di cinque anni o fino a quando non sono state osservate le condizioni che hanno portato a richiedere il monitoraggio addizionale.

Il PRAC si occupa di stilare ed aggiornare mensilmente le liste dei medicinali soggetti a monitoraggio addizionale che sono pubblicate sul sito dell'EMA.

La prima lista è stata resa disponibile on line lo scorso 25 aprile ed è consultabile al [seguente link](#) .

Come anticipato in premessa, l'iniziativa si inserisce nell'ambito della nuova legislazione di [farmacovigilanza](#) nell'ottica di migliorare le attività di rilevazione dei segnali di sospette reazioni avverse e soprattutto per stimolare la partecipazione di pazienti e operatori sanitari nella segnalazione di queste ultime alle autorità competenti.

Per approfondimenti si rimanda al [documento EMA allegato](#) (in lingua italiana) e alla [sezione dedicata ai medicinali sottoposti a monitoraggio addizionale sul sito dell'EMA](#) .

Riferimenti normativi:

- Regolamento (UE) n. 1027/2012 del 25 ottobre 2012 che modifica il regolamento (CE) n. 726/2004 per quanto riguarda la farmacovigilanza
- Regolamento di esecuzione (UE) n. 198/2013 della Commissione del 7 marzo 2013 relativo alla selezione di un simbolo che identifichi i medicinali per uso umano sottoposti a monitoraggio supplementare

OUTCOME DI EFFICACIA E SICUREZZA



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENTIFIC ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Scientific conclusions

26 January 2017
EMA/123498/2017
Committee for Medicinal Products

Taking into account the PRAC Assessment Report on the PSUR(s) for secukinumab, the scientific conclusions of CHMP are as follows:

Scientific conclusions
marketing authorisation

Taking into account cases of candidiasis and candida infections reported with secukinumab from clinical trials, spontaneous reporting and postmarketing surveillance, including a number of serious cases, cases with positive de-challenge and one case of positive re-challenge, the term mucosal and cutaneous candidiasis is added to the list of adverse drug reactions with frequency not known. Taking into account that oesophageal candidiasis was considered serious in nearly half of the reported cases, that it represents more than 10% of the reported candidiasis and that it usually requires systemic treatment while oral candidiasis will receive local treatment, reference to oesophageal candidiasis should be specifically included in order to highlight the specific reaction.

Active substance(s):

Procedure No. EMEA/

Period covered by the

Therefore, in view of the data presented in the reviewed PSUR(s), the PRAC considered that changes to the product information of medicinal products containing secukinumab were warranted.

The CHMP agrees with the scientific conclusions made by the PRAC.

Grounds for the variation to the terms of the marketing authorisation(s)

On the basis of the scientific conclusions for secukinumab the CHMP is of the opinion that the benefit-risk balance of the medicinal product(s) containing secukinumab is unchanged subject to the proposed changes to the product information.

The CHMP recommends that the terms of the marketing authorisation(s) should be varied.





Versione del 1893

Versione del 1895

Versione del 1910

L'urlo Edvard Munch (1893)

Pablo Picasso – Colazione sull'erba ispirata all'opera di Manet



PRIMO 1960



QUARTO 1962



SESTO 1964



La Danza (1910) Henri Matisse

